# ReLy OSSD4

Safety relay





### **Described product**

ReLy OSSD4

### Manufacturer

SICK AG Erwin-Sick-Str. 1 79183 Waldkirch Germany

### **Legal information**

This work is protected by copyright. Any rights derived from the copyright shall be reserved for SICK AG. Reproduction of this document or parts of this document is only permissible within the limits of the legal determination of Copyright Law. Any modification, abridgment or translation of this document is prohibited without the express written permission of SICK AG.

The trademarks stated in this document are the property of their respective owner.

© SICK AG. All rights reserved.

### **Original document**

This document is an original document of SICK AG.



# **Contents**

1	About this document				
	1.1	Purpose	of this document	5	
	1.2	Scope		5	
	1.3	Target g	roups of these operating instructions	5	
	1.4	Addition	al information	5	
	1.5	Symbols	and document conventions	5	
2	Safe	ety inforr	nation	7	
	2.1	General	safety notes	7	
	2.2	Intended	d use	7	
	2.3	Inappro	priate use	7	
	2.4	Require	ments for the qualification of personnel	8	
3	Prod	duct des	cription	9	
	3.1	Device o	verview	9	
	3.2	Structur	e and function	9	
	3.3	Product	characteristics	9	
		3.3.1	Interfaces	9	
		3.3.2	Compatible sensor types	10	
		3.3.3	External device monitoring	10	
		3.3.4	Status indicators	10	
4	Proj	ect plan	ning	11	
	4.1	Manufad	cturer of the machine	11	
	4.2	Operatir	ng entity of the machine	11	
	4.3	Design			
	4.4	Electrica	al integration	12	
		4.4.1	Voltage supply	12	
		4.4.2	Enabling current paths	13	
		4.4.3	Feedback current path	13	
		4.4.4	Signaling current path	13	
		4.4.5	Connection diagrams	14	
	4.5 Testing plan				
		4.5.1	Planning the thorough check during commissioning and in certain situations	14	
		4.5.2	Planning the regular thorough check	15	
5	Mou	nting		16	
	5.1	1 Mounting procedure			
	5.2	Disassembly			
	5.3	•			
6	Electrical installation				
	6.1 Device connection			19	

7	Com	missioning	21
	7.1	Safety	21
	7.2	Check during commissioning and modifications	21
8	Trou	bleshooting	22
	8.1	Safety	22
	8.2	Status indicator (LED)	22
9	Dec	ommissioning	23
	9.1	Disposal	23
10	Tech	nical data	24
	10.1	Data sheet	24
	10.2	Dimensional drawings	29
	10.3	Internal circuitry	29
11	Orde	ring information	30
	11.1	Ordering information for ReLy	30
12	Anne	ex	31
	12.1	Conformities and certificates	31
		12.1.1 EU declaration of conformity	31
13	List	of figures	32
11	List of tables		

#### 1 About this document

#### 1.1 Purpose of this document

These operating instructions contain the information required during the life cycle of the safety relay.

These operating instructions must be made available to everyone who works with the safety relay.

#### 1.2 Scope

#### **Product**

This document applies to the following products:

- Product code: ReLy OSSD4
- "Operating instructions" type label entry: 8023913

#### **Document identification**

Document part number:

- This document: 8023931
- Available language versions of this document: 8023913

You can find the current version of all documents at www.sick.com.

#### 1.3 Target groups of these operating instructions

Some sections of these operating instructions are intended for certain target groups. However, the entire operating instructions are relevant for intended use of the product.

Table 1: Target groups and selected sections of these operating instructions

Target group	Sections of these operating instructions
Project developers (planners, developers, designers)	"Project planning", page 11 "Technical data", page 24
Installers	"Mounting", page 16
Electricians	"Electrical installation", page 19
Safety experts (such as CE authorized representatives, compliance officers, people who test and approve the application)	"Project planning", page 11 "Commissioning", page 21 "Technical data", page 24
Operators	"Troubleshooting", page 22
Maintenance personnel	"Troubleshooting", page 22

#### Additional information 1.4

#### www.sick.com

The following information is available on the Internet:

- Data sheets and application examples
- CAD data and dimensional drawings
- Certificates (e.g. EU declaration of conformity)
- Guide for Safe Machinery Six steps to a safe machine

#### 1.5 Symbols and document conventions

The following symbols and conventions are used in this document:

### Safety notes and other notes



### **DANGER**

Indicates a situation presenting imminent danger, which will lead to death or serious injuries if not prevented.



#### **WARNING**

Indicates a situation presenting possible danger, which may lead to death or serious injuries if not prevented.



#### **CAUTION**

Indicates a situation presenting possible danger, which may lead to moderate or minor injuries if not prevented.



#### **NOTICE**

Indicates a situation presenting possible danger, which may lead to property damage if not prevented.



#### NOTE

Indicates useful tips and recommendations.

#### Instructions to action

- The arrow denotes instructions to action.
- 1. The sequence of instructions for action is numbered.
- 2. Follow the order in which the numbered instructions are given.
- The check mark denotes the result of an instruction.

### **LED** symbols

These symbols indicate the status of an LED:

- O The LED is off.
- The LED is flashing.
- The LED is illuminated continuously.

# 2 Safety information

### 2.1 General safety notes

#### **Product integration**



#### DANGER

The product can not offer the expected protection if it is integrated incorrectly.

- ► Plan the integration of the product in accordance with the machine requirements (project planning).
- ▶ Implement the integration of the product in accordance with the project planning.

#### Mounting and electrical installation



#### **DANGER**

Death or severe injury due to electrical voltage and/or an unexpected startup of the machine

- ► Make sure that the machine is (and remains) disconnected from the voltage supply during mounting and electrical installation.
- ▶ Make sure that the dangerous state of the machine is and remains switched off.

#### Repairs and modifications



#### DANGER

Improper work on the product

A modified product may not offer the expected protection if it is integrated incorrectly.

Apart from the procedures described in this document, do not repair, open, manipulate or otherwise modify the product.

### 2.2 Intended use

The safety relay is an expansion module for sensors or safety devices with OSSDs for switching safety-related circuits on and off.

The safety relay complies with class A, group 1 as per EN 55011. Group 1 encompasses all ISM devices in which intentionally generated and/or used conductor-bound RF energy that is required for the inner function of the device itself occurs.

The product may be used in safety functions.

The product must only be used within the limits of the prescribed and specified technical specifications and operating conditions at all times.

Incorrect use, improper modification or manipulation of the product will invalidate any warranty from SICK; in addition, any responsibility and liability of SICK for damage and secondary damage caused by this is excluded.

### 2.3 Inappropriate use

The safety relay is **not** suitable for the following applications (this list is not exhaustive):

- At altitudes of over 4,000 m above sea level
- In explosion-hazardous areas

#### 2.4 Requirements for the qualification of personnel

The product must be configured, installed, connected, commissioned, and serviced by qualified safety personnel only.

### **Project planning**

You need safety expertise to implement safety functions and select suitable products for that purpose. You need expert knowledge of the applicable standards and regulations.

### Mounting, electrical installation and commissioning

You need suitable expertise and experience. You must be able to assess if the machine is operating safely.

### **Operation and maintenance**

You need suitable expertise and experience. You must be instructed in machine operation by the machine operator. For maintenance, you must be able to assess if the machine is operating safely.

#### 3 **Product description**

#### 3.1 **Device overview**

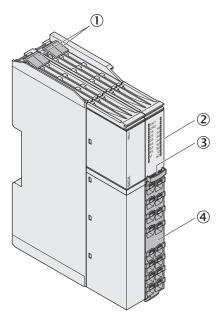


Figure 1: Device overview

- 1 Device unlocking
- 2 **LEDs**
- 3 Front connector unlocking
- **(4**) Front connector

#### 3.2 Structure and function

The safety relay ReLy OSSD4 is an electrical switching device with inputs and outputs.

The safety capable inputs of the safety relay are connected to safety sensors.

2 safety capable inputs control the internal relays, which are used to reliably switch the enabling current paths.

At the enabling current paths it is possible to connect, for example, actuators with positively guided contacts.

#### 3.3 **Product characteristics**

#### 3.3.1 **Interfaces**

### Inputs

2 safety capable inputs

#### **Outputs**

- 4 enabling current paths (safe)
- Feedback current path (for use as external device monitoring, not safe)
- Signaling current path (non-safety)

#### 3.3.2 **Compatible sensor types**

Table 2: Compatible sensor types

Sensor type	Description	Examples
Safety sensors with monitored semiconduc- tor output (OSSD)	Safety sensors with dual-channel cross-circuit monitored semi-conductor outputs Safety controllers with monitored semi-conductor outputs	<ul> <li>Transponder safety switch e.g., Sistra</li> <li>Safety light curtains, e.g. deTec4</li> <li>Safety laser scanner, e.g., microScan3, nanoScan3</li> </ul>

#### 3.3.3 External device monitoring

The feedback current path is used as external device monitoring for the monitoring by the base device.

#### 3.3.4 **Status indicators**

### **LEDs**

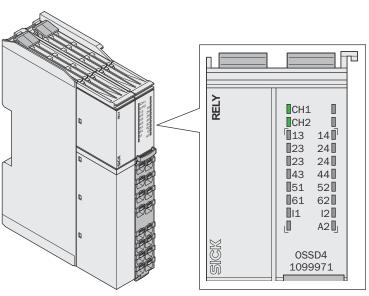


Figure 2: LEDs

The labeled positions are only partially assigned LEDs. The positions and their labels (except the top 2 lines) also indicate the assignment of the terminals on the front connector.

Table 3: Safety relay indicators

Labeling	Color	Function
CH1	Green	OSSD 1 safety capable input
CH2	Green	Safety input OSSD 2

### **Further topics**

"Status indicator (LED)", page 22

# 4 Project planning

### 4.1 Manufacturer of the machine

The manufacturer of the machinery must carry out a risk assessment and apply appropriate protective measures. Further protective measures may be required in addition to the product.

The product must not be tampered with or changed, except for the procedures described in this document.

The product must only be repaired by the manufacturer of the product or by someone authorized by the manufacturer. Improper repair can result in the product not providing the expected protection.

## 4.2 Operating entity of the machine

Changes to the electrical integration of the product in the machine controller and changes to the mechanical mounting of the product necessitate a new risk assessment. The results of this risk assessment may require the entity operating the machine to meet the obligations of a manufacturer.

After each change to the configuration, it is necessary to check whether the protective measure provides the necessary protection. The person making the change is responsible for ensuring that the protection measure provides the necessary protection.

The product must not be tampered with or changed, except for the procedures described in this document.

The product must only be repaired by the manufacturer of the product or by someone authorized by the manufacturer. Improper repair can result in the product not providing the expected protection.

### 4.3 Design

### Installation site

The safety relay must be installed in a control cabinet with an enclosure rating of IP54 or higher.

The safety relay must be installed on a mounting rail (35 mm) in accordance with IEC 60715.

#### Space requirements in the control cabinet

To ensure sufficient air circulation and cooling, sufficient distance must be kept in the control cabinet above and below the safety relay.

Sufficient distance must be kept for the connected cables before the module (front side).

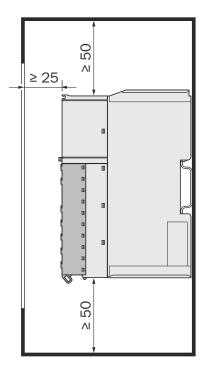


Figure 3: Distances in control cabinet

### Required distance:

- Above and below the module: ≥ 50 mm
- In front of the module: ≥ 25 mm

#### 4.4 **Electrical integration**

### Important information



#### NOTE

The device achieves overvoltage category III if feedback current path 31/32 is supplied by the same voltage supply as the upstream OSSDs (safety extra-low voltage). Connected devices must be also have overvoltage category III.

#### 4.4.1 Voltage supply

### **Prerequisites**

- The power supply unit is able to jumper a brief power failure of 20 ms as specified in IEC 60204-1.
- The voltage supply and connected signals meet the requirements for SELV/PELV (EN 61140) or NEC Class 2 (UL 1310).
- The electrical voltage supply has a suitable electrical fuse.

### **Further topics**

"Data sheet", page 24

### 4.4.2 Enabling current paths

#### Important information



#### **DANGER**

Hazard due to lack of effectiveness of the protective device

▶ Ensure the enabling current paths are supplied by the same voltage supply.

#### **Cross-circuits**

Cross-circuits between the enabling current paths or with other signals may not be detected and can put the machine in a dangerous state.

#### Measures:

- ► Lay the cables in a protected manner or separately (e.g., within the control cabinet as per IEC 60204-1).
- Take other necessary measures to achieve the required safety-related characteristic values.

### 4.4.3 Feedback current path

The feedback current path is used as external device monitoring for the monitoring by the base device.

The status of the feedback current path (61, 62) changes as soon as the safe enabling current paths (13, 14, 23, 24, 33, 34, 43, 44) switch. The feedback current path is not safe.

Table 4: Switching behavior of feedback current path

State of enabling current paths	State of feedback current path	
Closed	Open	
Open	Closed	

### 4.4.4 Signaling current path

The purpose of the signaling current path is to indicate the status of the safety relay.

The status of the signaling current path (51, 52) changes as soon as the safe enabling current paths (13, 14, 23, 24, 33, 34, 43, 44) switch. The signaling current path is not safe.

#### 4.4.5 Connection diagrams

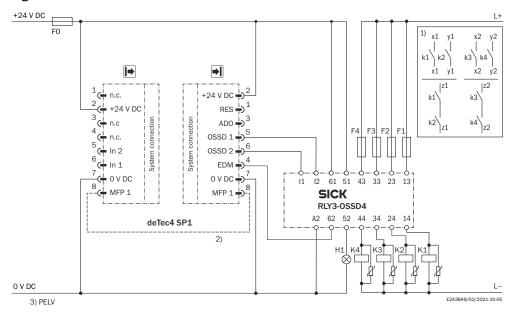


Figure 4: ReLy OSSD4 connection diagram

- 1) Output circuits: These contacts must be incorporated into the control such that the dangerous state is brought to an end if the output circuit is open. For categories 4 and 3, they must be incorporated on dual-channels (x, y paths). Type 2 devices are suitable for use up to PL c. Single-channel incorporation into the control (z path) is only possible with a single-channel control and taking the risk analysis into account.
- 2) To indicate the status on both sides, the MFP 1 connections from the sender and receiver must be connected to each other in the control cabinet (optional)
- 3) SELV/PELV safety extra-low voltage.

### 4.5 Testing plan

The manufacturer of the machine and the operating entity must define all required thorough checks. The definition must be based on the application conditions and the risk assessment and must be documented in a traceable manner.

The following tests must be planned:

- A thorough check must be carried out during commissioning and following modifications.
- The regular tests of the device must fulfill certain minimum requirements.

#### 4.5.1 Planning the thorough check during commissioning and in certain situations

#### Overview

Before commissioning the machine and after making changes, you must check whether the safety functions are fulfilling their planned purpose and whether persons are being adequately protected.

#### Minimum requirements

The device and its application must be thoroughly checked in the following situations:

- Before commissioning
- After changes to the configuration or the safety function
- After changes to the mounting or the electrical installation
- After exceptional events, such as after manipulation has been detected, after modification of the machine, or after replacing components

The thorough check ensures the following:

- All relevant regulations are complied with and the device is effective in all of the machine's operating modes.
- The documentation accurately reflects the state/condition of the machine, including the protective device.

The thorough checks must be carried out by qualified safety personnel or specially qualified and authorized personnel, and must be documented in a traceable manner.

#### 4.5.2 Planning the regular thorough check

#### Overview

The purpose of regular tests is to identify any defects due to changes or external influences (e.g. damage or manipulation) and to ensure that the protective measure provides the necessary protection.

#### Minimum requirements

The following thorough checks must be carried out at regular intervals:

- Thorough check of the housing for damage
- Thorough check of the cables for damage
- Check the device for signs of misuse or manipulation
- Thorough check of the safety function

The required interval for performing these thorough checks depends on the applicable safety capability of the overall application, see table 7, page 24.

#### 5 **Mounting**

#### 5.1 Mounting procedure

### **Prerequisites**

- Mounting is done in accordance with EN 50274 and electrical installation in accordance with IEC 60204-1 in the control cabinet with enclosure rating IP54.
- Mounting must be done on a non-flammable base.
- Mounting is done on a 35 mm mounting rail (IEC 60715).
- The mounting rail is connected to the functional earth.
- The module is installed with a vertical orientation (on a horizontal mounting rail).
- There is at least 50 mm of space for air circulation above and below the module.
- There is at least 25 mm of space in front of the module (front side). More space may be needed depending on the connections.

### **Approach**

1. Attach module to mounting rail.

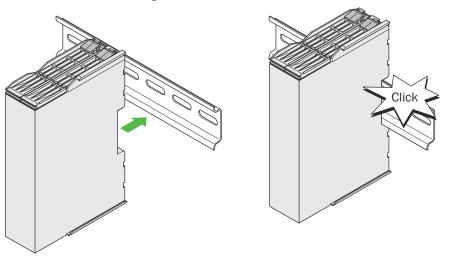


Figure 5: Mounting

- The module engages with an audible click.
- Attach the end clamps on the mounting rail on the left and right of the module.

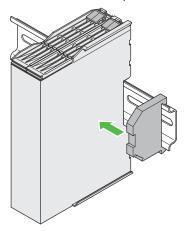


Figure 6: Mounting the end clamps

#### 5.2 Disassembly

#### **Prerequisites**

Electrician screwdriver (slotted screwdriver)

### **Approach**

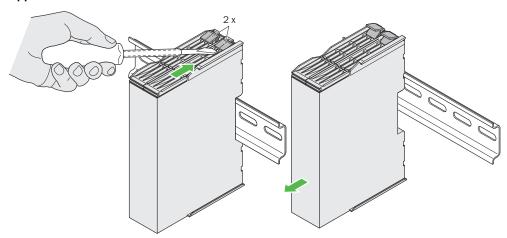


Figure 7: Disassembly

- Press the unlocking mechanisms on the upper side of the safety relay towards the back using the electrician screwdriver.
- Loosen module from the mounting rail. 2.

#### 5.3 Module exchange

### **Approach**

- 1. Disconnect module and the connected components from all voltage sources.
- Take front connector with connected cables off the defective device: Press the unlocking mechanism of the front connector downwards and pull out the front connector.

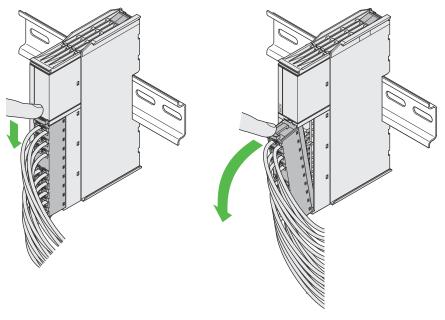


Figure 8: Removing the plug

- 3. Dismantle the defective module.
- 4. Mount new module.
- 5. Mount front connector with connected cables to the new module: First mount in the module with bent hook and then engage in the housing.

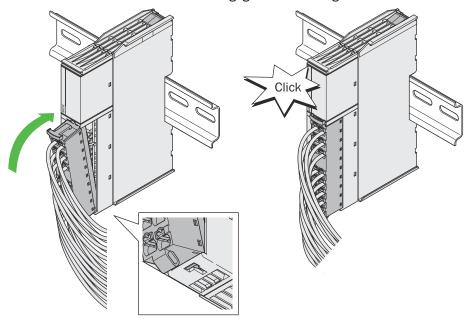


Figure 9: Mount the front connector

The front connector engages with an audible click.

#### 6 **Electrical installation**

#### 6.1 **Device connection**

### Important information

### **Prerequisites**

- Electrical installation is carried out according to the project planning.
- Dangerous condition of the machine is and remains off during the electrical instal-
- Electrical installation is done in conformity with IEC 60204-1.
- The mounting rail is connected to the functional earth.
- The safety outputs and external device monitoring (EDM) must be wired within the control cabinet.
- When using the safety relay with voltages larger than the safety extra-low voltage: The N/C contacts of the controlled contactors must be safely isolated from the other contactor contacts.
- Enabling current paths are safely isolated from the other terminals. There is a basic insulation between the enabling current paths.
- The ground connection of all connected devices must have the same potential as A2.
- All connected devices and the reset pushbutton comply with the required category in accordance with ISO 13849-1 and SIL in accordance with IEC 62061 (e.g. shielded single sheathed cables, separate installation).

#### Pin assignment

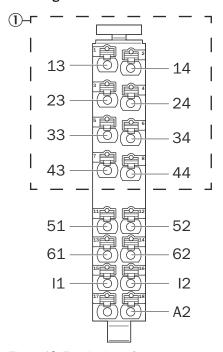


Figure 10: Terminals on front connector

Safe isolation of the enabling current paths from the other terminals

Table 5: Pin assignment of the terminals

Terminal	Description
13, 14	Enabling current path
23, 24	Enabling current path

Terminal	Description
33, 34	Enabling current path
43, 44	Enabling current path
51, 52	Signaling current path
61	Feedback current path, 24 V DC
62	Feedback current path, for connection to the EDM input of the basic device
I1 1)	CH1 input (safety input for OSSD 1)
I2 <sup>1)</sup>	CH2 input (safety input for OSSD 2)
A2	Voltage supply 0 V DC

<sup>1)</sup> For a single-channel base device, connect a jumper between I1 and I2.

### **Complementary information**

To protect and increase the service life of contact outputs, equip all connected loads with varistors or RC elements. The response times will increase depending on the suppressor used.

### **Further topics**

- "Connection diagrams", page 14
- "Data sheet", page 24
- "Electrical integration", page 12

#### **Commissioning** 7

#### 7.1 Safety



#### **DANGER**

Dangerous state of the machine

During commissioning, the machine or the protective device may not yet behave as you have planned.

Make sure that there is no-one in the hazardous area during commissioning.

#### 7.2 **Check during commissioning and modifications**

The thorough check is intended to ensure that the safety functions are fulfilling their planned purpose and whether persons are being adequately protected.

Carry out the checks specified in the test plan of the manufacturer of the machine and the operating entity.

#### 8 **Troubleshooting**

#### 8.1 Safety



#### DANGER

Hazard due to lack of effectiveness of the protective device

In the case of non-compliance, it is possible that the dangerous state of the machine may not be stopped or not stopped in a timely manner.

- Immediately shut the machine down if the behavior of the machine cannot be clearly identified.
- If a machine fault cannot be definitively determined or safely rectified, immediately shut the machine down.
- Secure the machine so that it cannot switch on unintentionally.



#### NOTE

Additional information on troubleshooting can be found at the responsible SICK subsid-

#### 8.2 Status indicator (LED)

### Status indicator (LED)

Table 6: Operational statuses

LED	Status	Possible cause
CH1	● Green	Voltage on I1
CH2	● Green	Voltage on I2

#### 9 **Decommissioning**

#### 9.1 Disposal

### **Approach**

Always dispose of unusable devices in accordance with national waste disposal regulations.



### **Complementary information**

SICK will be glad to help you dispose of these devices on request.

#### 10 **Technical data**

#### 10.1 **Data sheet**

#### Safety-related parameters

The required safety-related characteristic value depends on the application.

Table 7: Safety-related parameters

Safety integrity level (IEC 61508)	SIL 3	SIL 2	SIL 1		
SIL claim limit (IEC 62061)	SIL 3	SIL 2	SIL 1		
Cate- gory (ISO 13849-1)	4	3	3		
Performance level (ISO 13849-1) 1)	PL e	PL d	PL c		
Hardware error toler- ance	1				
Maximum test interval of the safety function	1 month	1 year	-		
MTTF <sub>D</sub> (single channel) (ISO 13849-1) <sup>2)</sup>	300 years	100 years	100 years		
PFH <sub>D</sub> (mean probability of a dangerous failure per hour) <sup>2)</sup>					
For operating heights ≤ 4,000 m above sea level	1 × 10 <sup>-9</sup>	1 × 10-8	1 × 10-7		
PFD <sub>avg</sub> (mean probabilit	PFD <sub>avg</sub> (mean probability of a dangerous failure on demand)				
For operating heights ≤ 4,000 m above sea level	5 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	5 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	5 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		
T <sub>M</sub> (mission time)	n time) 20 years (ISO 13849-1)				
Safe status when a fault occurs	The safety relay has no internal fault detection and is unable to assume a safe status in the event of a fault. Fault detection is performed by the connected safety-related logic unit.				
Stop category	0 (IEC 60204-1)				

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  To achieve at least SIL 2 / PL d, an external diagnostic with DC  $\geq$  99% must be used (i.e., the external device monitoring must be connected).

The maximum number of switching operations should be applied to the mission time T<sub>M</sub>. Mean number of switching operations per year = switching operations based on the service life curve/T<sub>M</sub> As long as the mean number of allowed switching operations per year and the number of allowed switching operations during the mission time T<sub>M</sub> has not been reached, the safety-related characteristic values do not depend on the switching frequency if the service life curve is adhered to. B10<sub>d</sub> has already been taken into consideration when calculating the safety-related characteristic values. Service life curve, see figure 12, page 28

### Mechanical data

Table 8: Mechanical data

Weight	180 g
Mounting	Mounting rail (IEC 60715)

<sup>2)</sup> To achieve the safety-related characteristic values, the service life curve of the safety contacts must be taken into consideration.

Connection type	Spring terminals	
Stripping length	8 mm	
Wire cross-section		
Single wire (1×)	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Fine wire (1×)	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Fine wire with ferrules (2 ×, same cross-section) with TWIN ferrule with plastic collar	≤ 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Fine wire with ferrules with or without collar (1×)	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	
For UL and CSA applications	26 AWG 14 AWG Use copper conductors only min. rated for 85°C.	

# Electrical data

Table 9: Inputs (I1, I2)

Rated voltage	+24 V DC
Input voltage HIGH	24 V DC (15 V DC 30 V DC)
Input voltage LOW	0 V DC (-3 V DC 5 V DC)
Input capacitance	≤ 15 nF
Input current	2 × ≤ 60 mA
Power consumption	≤ 2.5 W
Reset time	≤ 50 ms
Test pulse width	≤ 1,000 µs
Test pulse rate	≤ 10 Hz

Table 10: Enabling current path (13/14, 23/24, 33/34, 43/44)

Response time (opening of enabling current paths)	≤ 12 ms
Number of enabling current paths (normally open, safe)	4
Contact type	Positively guided
Contact material	Silver alloy, gold flash plated
Switching voltage	
At altitudes below 2,000 m above sea level	10 V DC 250 V DC 10 V AC 250 V AC
At altitudes 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	10 V DC 150 V DC 10 V AC 150 V AC
Switching current	10 mA 6 A see figure 11, page 28 see figure 12, page 28
Sum current	≤ 12 A
Utilization category	AC-15: 230 V, 5 A (IEC 60947-5-1) DC-13 (0.1 Hz): 24 V, 4 A (IEC 60947-5-1) <sup>1)</sup>
DC switching capacity	0.1 W 200 W see figure 11, page 28
AC switching capacity	0.1 VA 1,500 VA

Switching frequency	≤ 1 Hz
Mechanical service life	10 × 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations
Contact fuse with safety fuse gG or circuit breaker C	Max. 6 A
Max. short-circuit protection	≤ 400 A

<sup>1)</sup> At 0.1 Hz.

Table 11: Insulation coordination – enabling current paths (13/14, 23/24, 33/34) to the 24 V

Type of insulation (IEC 60947-1)	Safe electrical separation	
Degree of contamination	2	
Air and creepage distances between the insulated circuits	≥ 5.5 mm	
Rated insulation voltage		
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level	250 V AC	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	150 V AC with overvoltage category III 250 V AC with overvoltage category II	
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>		
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level	6 kV	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	4 kV	

Table 12: Insulation coordination – enabling current paths (13/14, 23/24, 33/34) amongst each other

Type of insulation (IEC 60947-1)	Basic insulation	
Degree of contamination	2	
Air and creepage distances between the insulated circuits	≥ 3 mm	
Rated insulation voltage		
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level	250 V AC	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	150 V AC with overvoltage category III 250 V AC with overvoltage category II	
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>		
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level	4 kV	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	2.5 kV	

Table 13: Signaling current path (51, 52)

Contact type	Positively guided
Contact material	Silver alloy, gold flash plated
DC switching capacity	0.1 W 200 W see figure 11, page 28
AC switching capacity	0.1 VA 1,500 VA
Switching voltage	10 V DC 30 V DC 10 V AC 30 V AC

Switching current	3 mA 2 A	
Switching frequency	≤ 1 Hz	
Mechanical service life	10 × 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations	
Contact fuse with safety fuse gG or circuit breaker C	Max. 2 A	
Max. short-circuit protection	≤ 400 A	
Rated insulation voltage		
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level	250 V AC	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	150 V AC	
Overvoltage category	III	
Degree of contamination	2	
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	6 kV	

Table 14: Feedback current path (61, 62)

Table 14.1 Couldn't Garrent path (G1, G2)		
Number of feedback current paths (not safe)	1	
Contact type	Positively guided	
Contact material	Silver alloy, gold flash plated	
DC switching capacity	0.1 W 200 W see figure 11, page 28	
AC switching capacity	0.1 VA 1,500 VA	
Switching voltage	15 V DC 30 V DC 15 V AC 30 V AC	
Switching current	3 mA 100 mA	
Switching frequency	≤ 1 Hz	
Mechanical service life	10 × 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations	
Contact fuse with safety fuse gG or circuit breaker C	Max. 2 A	
Max. short-circuit protection	≤ 400 A	
Rated insulation voltage		
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level	250 V AC	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	150 V AC	
Overvoltage category	III	
Degree of contamination	2	
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	6 kV	

### **Ambient data**

Table 15: Ambient data

Enclosure rating	IP20 (IEC 60529) 1)
Ambient operating temperature	
At altitudes up to 2,000 m above sea level (UL/CSA: surrounding air temperature)	-25 °C +55 °C

At altitudes 2,000 m above sea level 3,000 m above sea level	-25 °C +50 °C	
At altitudes 3,000 m above sea level 4,000 m above sea level	-25 °C +45 °C	
Storage temperature	-25 °C +70 °C	
Operating altitude	Max. 4,000 m above sea level	
Air humidity	10% 95%, non-condensing for climatic conditions according to IEC 61131-2	
Emitted interference	According to IEC 61000-6-4	
Immunity to interference	According to IEC 61326-3-1 According to IEC 61000-6-2 According to IEC 60947-5-1	

### $^{1)} \quad \mbox{Prerequisite: The front plug is mounted.}$

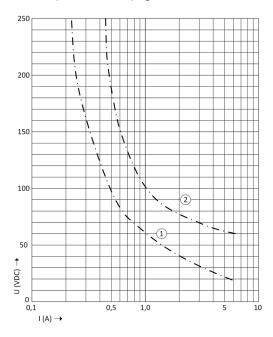


Figure 11: Breaking capacity without continuous arcing

- Inductive load L/R 40 ms 1
- 2 Resistive load

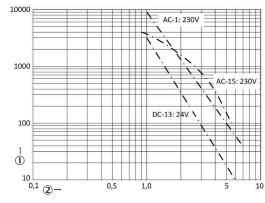


Figure 12: Electrical endurance of contacts 13/14, 23/24, 33/34 and 43/44

1 Switching operations × 1,000

#### 2 Switching current (A)

#### 10.2 **Dimensional drawings**

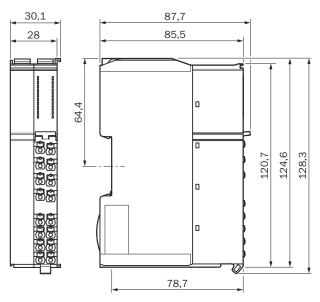


Figure 13: Dimensional drawing

#### 10.3 Internal circuitry

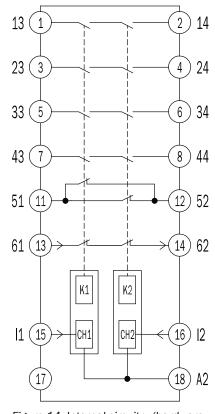


Figure 14: Internal circuitry (hardware version 1.02.0 and above)

# 11 Ordering information

# 11.1 Ordering information for ReLy

Table 16: Ordering information

Part	Usage	Type code	Part number
ReLy OSSD4	Opto-electronic protective devices	RLY3-OSSD400	1099971

#### 12 **Annex**

#### 12.1 **Conformities and certificates**

You can obtain declarations of conformity, certificates, and the current operating instructions for the product at www.sick.com. To do so, enter the product part number in the search field (part number: see the entry in the "P/N" or "Ident. no." field on the type label).

#### 12.1.1 EU declaration of conformity

### **Excerpt**

The undersigned, representing the manufacturer, herewith declares that the product is in conformity with the provisions of the following EU directive(s) (including all applicable amendments), and that the standards and/or technical specifications stated in the EU declaration of conformity have been used as a basis for this.

- ROHS DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU
- EMC DIRECTIVE 2014/30/EU
- MACHINERY DIRECTIVE 2006/42/EC

#### List of figures **13**

1.	Device overview	9
2.	LEDs	10
3.	Distances in control cabinet	12
4.	ReLy OSSD4 connection diagram	14
5.	Mounting	16
6.	Mounting the end clamps	16
7.	Disassembly	
8.	Removing the plug	17
9.	Mount the front connector	18
10.	Terminals on front connector	
11.	Breaking capacity without continuous arcing	28
12.	Electrical endurance of contacts 13/14, 23/24, 33/34 and 43/44	28
13.	Dimensional drawing	29
14.	Internal circuitry (hardware version 1.02.0 and above)	29

#### **14 List of tables**

1.	Target groups and selected sections of these operating instructions	5
2.	Compatible sensor types	
3.	Safety relay indicators	
4.	Switching behavior of feedback current path	13
5.	Pin assignment of the terminals	19
6.	Operational statuses	22
7.	Safety-related parameters	24
8.	Mechanical data	24
9.	Inputs (I1, I2)	25
10.	Enabling current path (13/14, 23/24, 33/34, 43/44)	
11.	Insulation coordination - enabling current paths (13/14, 23/24, 33/34) to th	е
	24 V circuit	26
12.	Insulation coordination - enabling current paths (13/14, 23/24, 33/34) amo	ngst
	each other	26
13.	Signaling current path (51, 52)	26
14.	Feedback current path (61, 62)	27
15.	Ambient data	27
16	Ordering information	30

Australia

Phone +61 (3) 9457 0600 1800 33 48 02 - tollfree E-Mail sales@sick.com.au

. . .

Phone +43 (0) 2236 62288-0

E-Mail office@sick.at

Belgium/Luxembourg

Phone +32 (0) 2 466 55 66 E-Mail info@sick.be

Brazil

Phone +55 11 3215-4900 E-Mail comercial@sick.com.br

Canada

Phone +1 905.771.1444 E-Mail cs.canada@sick.com

Czech Republic

Phone +420 234 719 500 E-Mail sick@sick.cz

Chile

Phone +56 (2) 2274 7430 E-Mail chile@sick.com

China

Phone +86 20 2882 3600 E-Mail info.china@sick.net.cn

Denmark

Phone +45 45 82 64 00 E-Mail sick@sick.dk

**Finland** 

Phone +358-9-25 15 800 E-Mail sick@sick.fi

France

Phone +33 1 64 62 35 00 E-Mail info@sick.fr

Germany

Phone +49 (0) 2 11 53 010 E-Mail info@sick.de

Greece

Phone +30 210 6825100 E-Mail office@sick.com.gr

Hong Kong

Phone +852 2153 6300 E-Mail ghk@sick.com.hk Hungary

Phone +36 1 371 2680 E-Mail ertekesites@sick.hu

India

Phone +91-22-6119 8900 E-Mail info@sick-india.com

Israel

Phone +972 97110 11 E-Mail info@sick-sensors.com

Italy

Phone +39 02 27 43 41 E-Mail info@sick.it

Japan

Phone +81 3 5309 2112 E-Mail support@sick.jp

Malaysia

Phone +603-8080 7425 E-Mail enquiry.my@sick.com

Mexico

Phone +52 (472) 748 9451 E-Mail mexico@sick.com

Netherlands

Phone +31 (0) 30 229 25 44 E-Mail info@sick.nl

**New Zealand** 

Phone +64 9 415 0459 0800 222 278 - tollfree E-Mail sales@sick.co.nz

Norway

Phone +47 67 81 50 00 E-Mail sick@sick.no

Poland

Phone +48 22 539 41 00 E-Mail info@sick.pl

Romania

Phone +40 356-17 11 20 E-Mail office@sick.ro

Russia

Phone +7 495 283 09 90 E-Mail info@sick.ru

Singapore

Phone +65 6744 3732 E-Mail sales.gsg@sick.com Slovakia

Phone +421 482 901 201 E-Mail mail@sick-sk.sk

Slovenia

Phone +386 591 78849 E-Mail office@sick.si

South Africa

Phone +27 10 060 0550 E-Mail info@sickautomation.co.za

South Korea

Phone +82 2 786 6321/4 E-Mail infokorea@sick.com

Spain

Phone +34 93 480 31 00 E-Mail info@sick.es

Sweden

Phone +46 10 110 10 00 E-Mail info@sick.se

Switzerland

Phone +41 41 619 29 39 E-Mail contact@sick.ch

Taiwan

Phone +886-2-2375-6288 E-Mail sales@sick.com.tw

**Thailand** 

Phone +66 2 645 0009 E-Mail marcom.th@sick.com

Turkey

Phone +90 (216) 528 50 00 E-Mail info@sick.com.tr

**United Arab Emirates** 

Phone +971 (0) 4 88 65 878 E-Mail contact@sick.ae

**United Kingdom** 

Phone +44 (0)17278 31121 E-Mail info@sick.co.uk

JSA

Phone +1 800.325.7425 E-Mail info@sick.com

Vietnam

Phone +65 6744 3732 E-Mail sales.gsg@sick.com

Detailed addresses and further locations at www.sick.com



