OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

MCS200HW-MP

Multicomponent Analysis System

SICK
Sensor Intelligence.

Described product

MCS200HW-MP

Manufacturer

SICK AG
Erwin-Sick-Str. 1
79183 Waldkirch
Germany

Legal information

Original document

This document is an original document of SICK AG.

CE

Contents

1 About this document

1.1 Function of this document

These Operating Instructions describe:

- Device components
- Installation
- Commissioning
- Operation
- Maintenance work required for reliable operation
- Troubleshooting
- Decommissioning

1.2 Scope of application

These Operating Instructions are only applicable for the measuring device described in the product identification.

They are not applicable for other SICK measuring devices.

The standards referred to in these Operating Instructions are to be observed in the respective valid version.

1.3 Target groups

This Manual is intended for persons who install, commission, operate and maintain the device.

1.4 Further information

- System documentation
- Option: SFU Gas Sampling Unit Operating Instructions
- Option: Sample Gas Line Operating Instructions
- Option: MPR (Meeting Point Router) Operating Instructions
- Option: Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions
- Option: GMS800 FIDOR / FIDORi Operating Instructions
- Option: Condensate Container Operating Instructions

1.5 Symbols and document conventions

1.5.1 Warning symbols

Table 1: Warning symbols

Symbol	Significance
	Hazard (general)
	Hazard by electrical voltage
	Hazard by acidic substances

Symbol	Significance
	Hazard by toxic substances
	Hazard through hot surface
	Hazard for the environment/nature/organic life

1.5.2 Warning levels / Signal words

DANGER

Risk or hazardous situation which will result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING

Risk or hazardous situation which could result in severe personal injury or death.

CAUTION

Hazard or unsafe practice which could result in less severe or minor injuries.

Notice

Hazard which could result in property damage.

Note

Hints

1.5.3 Information symbols

Table 2: Information symbols

Symbol	Significance
	Important technical information for this product
	Important information for electrical or electronic functions

1.6 Data integrity

SICK AG uses standardized data interfaces, such as standard IP technology, in its products. The focus here is on product availability and features.

SICK AG always assumes that the customer is responsible for the integrity and confidentiality of data and rights involved in connection with using the products.

In all cases, the customer is responsible for the implementation of safety measures suitable for the respective situation, e.g., network separation, firewalls, virus protection and Patch Management.

2 Safety information

2.1 Basic safety information

- ▶ Read and observe these Operating Instructions.
- ▶ Observe all safety instructions.
- ▶ If anything is not clear: Please contact SICK Customer Service.

Document retention

These Operating Instructions

- ▶ Must be kept for reference.
- ▶ Must be passed on to new owners.

Correct project planning

- Basis of this Manual is the delivery of the measuring device according to the preceding project planning (e.g., based on the SICK application questionnaire) and the relevant delivery state of the measuring device (see delivered System Documentation).
  - ▶ Contact SICK Customer Service if you are not sure whether the measuring device corresponds to the state defined during project planning or to the delivered System Documentation.

Correct use

- ▶ Use the device only as described in “Intended use”.
  The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for any other use.
- ▶ Carry out the specified maintenance work.
- ▶ Do not carry out any work or repairs on the device that are not described in this Manual.
  Do not remove, add or change any components in or on the device unless such changes are officially allowed and specified by the manufacturer.
  If you do not observe this:
  - The manufacturer's warranty becomes void.
  - The device could become dangerous.

Special local conditions

In addition to the information in this Manual, follow all local laws, technical rules and company-internal operating and installation directives applicable wherever the device is installed.

Electrical safety

DANGER
Danger to life through electric shock

There is a risk of electric shock when working on the device with the voltage supply switched on.

- Before starting work on the device, ensure the voltage supply can be switched off in accordance with the valid Standard using a power isolating switch/circuit breaker.
- Make sure the disconnector switch is easily accessible.
- An additional disconnecting device is mandatory when the power disconnector switch cannot be accessed or only with difficulty after installation of the device connection.
- Switch off the voltage supply before starting any work on the device.
- After completion of the work or for test purposes, calibration of the power supply may only be activated again by authorized personnel complying with the safety regulations.

WARNING
Endangerment of electrical safety through power supply line with incorrect rating

Electrical accidents can occur when the specifications for installation of a power supply line have not been adequately observed.

- Always observe the exact specifications in the Operating Instructions (see "Technical data", page 54) for installation of a power supply line.

Dangerous substances

DANGER
Danger to life through leaks in the gas path

When the measuring device is used to measure toxic gases: A leak, for example in the purge air supply, can be an acute hazard for persons..

- Regularly check all gas-carrying components for leaks
- Take suitable safety measures. For example:
  - Attach warning signs to the device
  - Attach warning signs in the operating area
  - Adequately vent the operating area.
  - Safety-oriented instruction of persons that could be in this area.

2.2 Warning information on device

Warning information on device

The following safety symbols are on the device:

Table 3: Warning symbols

Symbol	Significance
	Warning for general hazard
	Warning for hazard by electric voltage, possibly also by residual electric voltage

Symbol	Significance
	Warning for hazard through hot surfaces

If you need to work on a subassembly marked with such a symbol:

- ▶ Read the relevant Section in these Operating Instructions
- ▶ Observe all the safety information in the relevant Section

2.3 Intended use

The MCS200HW-MP is a multicomponent analysis system for continuous flue gas monitoring of industrial combustion plants (emission measuring system). The sample gas is extracted at the measuring point and fed through the analysis system (extractive measurement).

The analysis system is designed for indoor installation.

- ▶ Refer to the system documentation delivered for information on the device equipment.

2.4 Requirements on the personnel's qualification

Table 4: Qualification requirements

Tasks	User groups	Qualifications
Installation	Qualified personnel	• General knowledge in measurement technology, specialist device knowledge (possibly customer training at SICK)
Electrical Installation	Qualified personnel	• Authorized electrician (authorized skilled electrician or person with similar training) • General knowledge in measurement technology, specialist device knowledge (possibly customer training at SICK)
Initial commissioning Recommissioning	Authorized operator ⚿	• General knowledge in measurement technology, specialist device knowledge (possibly customer training at SICK)
Decommissioning Operation Troubleshooting	• Operator / system integrator • Authorized operator ⚿	• General knowledge in measurement technology, specialist device knowledge (possibly customer training at SICK) • Authorized electrician (authorized skilled electrician or person with similar training) • Service training

Tasks	User groups	Qualifications
Maintenance	• Operator / system integrator • Authorized operator	• General knowledge in measurement technology, specialist device knowledge (possibly customer training at SICK) • Service training

3 Product description

3.1 Product identification

Overview

Product name	MCS200HW-MP
Manufacturer	SICK AG Erwin-Sick-Str. 1 · D-79183 Waldkirch · Germany
Type plate	Type plates are located on the right on the installation plate.

Type plates MCS200HW-MP

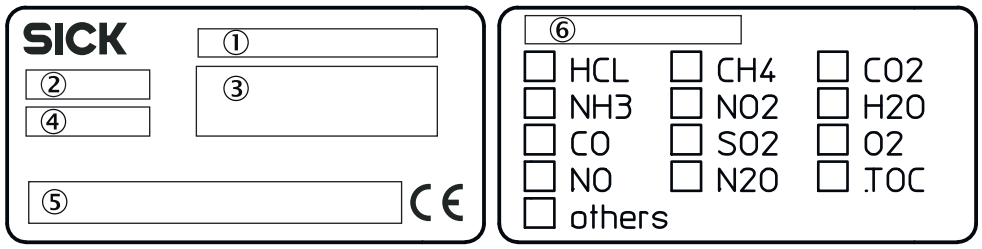


Figure 1: Type plate of complete device, schematic representation

① Product name
② Item number
③ Technical details
④ Serial number
⑤ Marking symbols
⑥ Measuring modules

Analyzer type plate

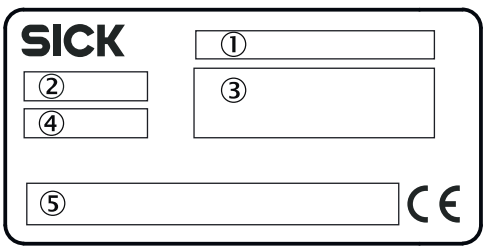


Figure 2: Analyzer type plate, schematic representation

① Product name
② Item number
③ Technical details
④ Serial number
⑤ Marking symbols

3.2 Gas supply terminology

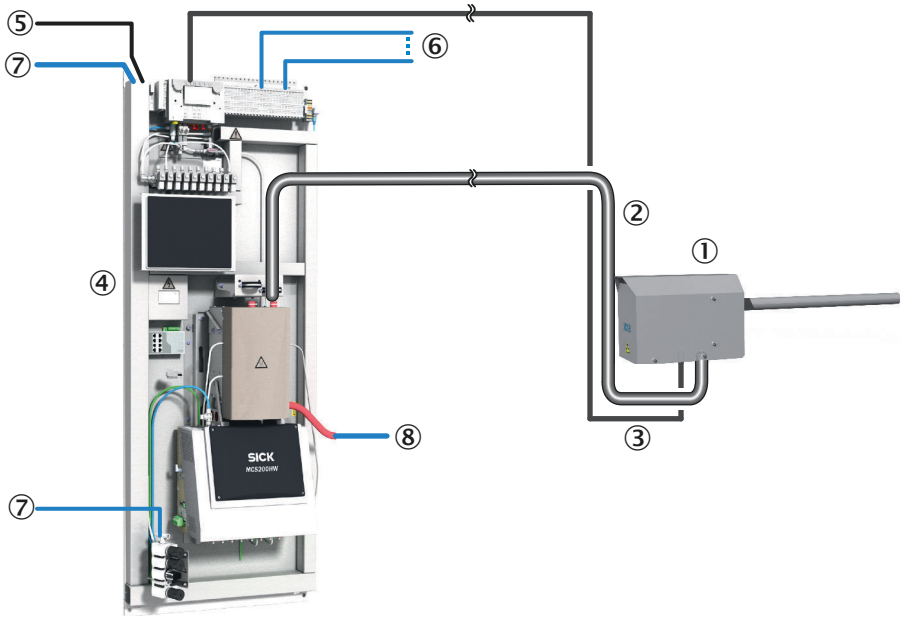
Definition of utility gases:

- Zero gas: Gas to adjust the zero point. Instrument air or nitrogen (N_2)
- Span gas: Gas to adjust the measuring range full scale value
- Instrument air: Compressed air free of oil, water and particles

3.3 Layout and function

3.3.1 System overview

Overview



①	Gas sampling unit	
②	Heated sample gas line	
③	Hose bundle line	
④	Installation plate	
⑤	Voltage supply	
⑥	Interfaces	1 x Ethernet: Connections Customer-specific analog and digital inputs and outputs, see wiring diagram
⑦	Instrument air inlet Option: Instrument air conditioning	Observe the quality of the operator's instrument air. A separate instrument air supply can also be connected as zero gas (IR components) or span gas (O_2 sensor).
⑧	Exhaust gas outlet	

Measuring principle

- IR components: Single-beam infrared photometer with interference filter and gas filter correlation method
- Oxygen: Zirconium dioxide sensor

Measuring components

Output of measured values in mg/m^3 or percentage volume, relative to humid flue gas.

Refer to the system documentation provided for the configuration of your system.

Function

- The system operates independently.
- Sampling of flue gas at the measuring point with a heated gas sampling unit
- Sample gas feed to the analyzer in a heated sample gas line

- Heating temperature of all parts with sample gas contact: 200 °C
- Pump: Ejector pump in cell (operated with instrument air)

- The analysis system uses status indicators to signal the current operating state:
- The analysis system switches to operating state “System Stop” automatically when a malfunction occurs
  “System Stop” corresponds to classification “Failure”:
  - The sample gas line and the sample gas path in the analyzer are automatically purged with instrument air in this mode.
  - Measured values are updated further.

Check (validation) and adjustment

- Zero point adjustment
- Reference point adjustment
- Adjustment with internal adjustment filter

Operating using the display

It is possible to operate the device using the display.

Operation via external PC (optional)

Operator menus and measured value displays are also available for easy use on an external PC via the Ethernet connection (with Google Chrome browser and SOPASair).

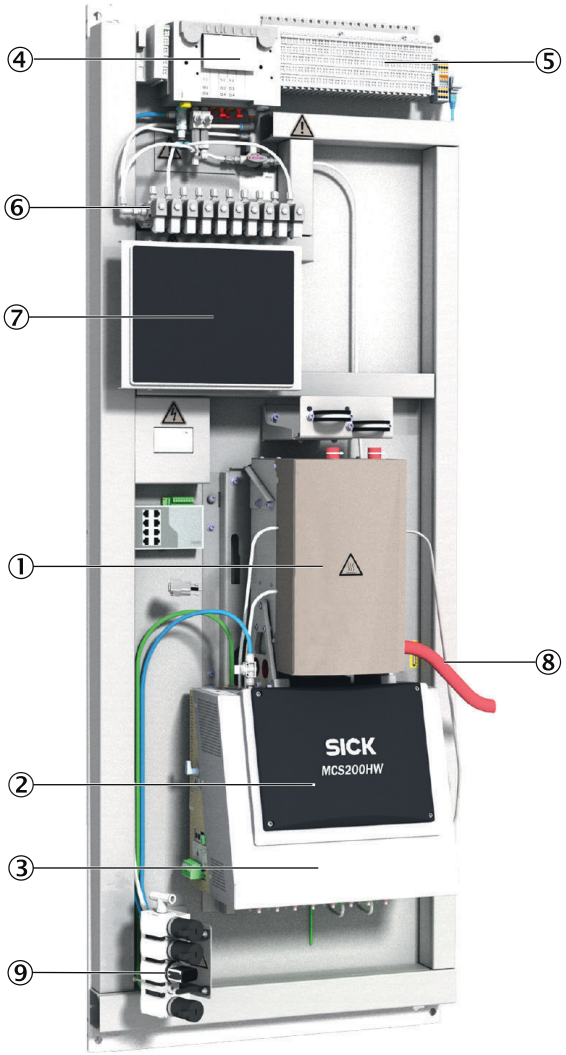
3.3.2 Installation plate

Overview

On the installation plate:

- Control unit
- Measurement technology
- Analog and digital interfaces

View



Analyzer module

① Cell module
- Ejector pump
- Inlet filter

② Optics module
③ Electronics module

Installation plate

④ Valve block
⑤ I/O modules
⑥ Span gas unit
⑦ Display module
⑧ Sample gas outlet
⑨ Pressure reducer module

3.3.3 Instrument air, conditioning

Overview

If the supplied instrument air does not meet the required quality, an instrument air conditioner can be connected upstream from the pressure reducer module.

Important information

NOTICE

Malfunction of the measuring device due to unsuitable instrument air

Operation with air not satisfying the specifications voids the warranty and does not ensure proper functioning of the measuring device.

- ▶ Only feed conditioned instrument air to the measuring device.
- ▶ The instrument air quality must meet the specification.

Function

The instrument air conditioning serves to condition the compressed air provided by the operator.

Additional information

A separate instrument air supply as zero gas or test gas can be connected as an alternative.

Related topics

- Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions
- Instrument air quality: see "Gas supply", page 57

3.4 Extended interfaces (option)

As standard, analog and digital signals are used for device communication with customer peripherals. Alternatively, output can be performed using the Modbus-TCP protocol.

Optionally, SICK offers various converter modules that are installed by the customer and communicate with the device via Modbus® TCP.

Optionally available

- PROFIBUS / PROFINET

Modbus

Modbus® is a communication standard for digital controls to create a connection between a »Master« device and several »Slave« devices. The Modbus protocol defines the communication commands only but not their electronic transfer; therefore it can be used with different digital interfaces (Ethernet).

The measuring device is equipped with a digital interface for data transmission in accordance with Guideline VDI 4201, Sheet 1 (General requirements) and Sheet 3 (Specific requirements for Modbus). Refer to the documentation delivered (Modbus signal list) for assignment of the Modbus registers. Only SICK Service may perform parameter settings.

4 Transport and storage

4.1 Transport

Overview

Transport the device horizontally with suitable hoisting equipment (e.g. jack lift with adequate lifting capacity).

Important information

NOTICE

The measuring device may only be transported and installed by qualified persons who, based on their training and knowledge as well as knowledge of the relevant regulations, can assess the tasks given and recognize the dangers involved.

Transport

The device may only be transported horizontally.

The device is picked up with suitable hoisting equipment using the fastening openings on the installation plate.

4.2 Storage

Protective measures for long-term storage

- When gas lines have been unscrewed: Close all gas connections (with sealing plugs) to protect internal gas paths against moisture, dust or dirt penetrating
- Close off open electrical connections dust-tight
- Protect the display against sharp-edged objects. Possibly attach a suitable protective cover (e.g. made of cardboard or hard foam)
- Select a dry, well-ventilated room for storage
- Wrap the device (e.g. with stretch foil)
- When high air humidity can be expected: Include a drying agent (Silica-Gel) in the packing

5 Mounting

5.1 Safety

Qualification

The measuring device may only be installed by trained specialists.

5.2 Scope of delivery

Please see the delivery documents for the scope of delivery.

5.3 Overview of mechanical and electrical installation

Important information

NOTICE

Observe the order of assembly.

If the assembly sequence is incorrect, there is a risk of contamination of the gas sampling unit. This can cause exhaust gas to enter the unheated analyzer and condense out.

- ▶ First connect instrument air and voltage supply.
- ▶ Only then install the gas sampling unit in the flue gas duct.

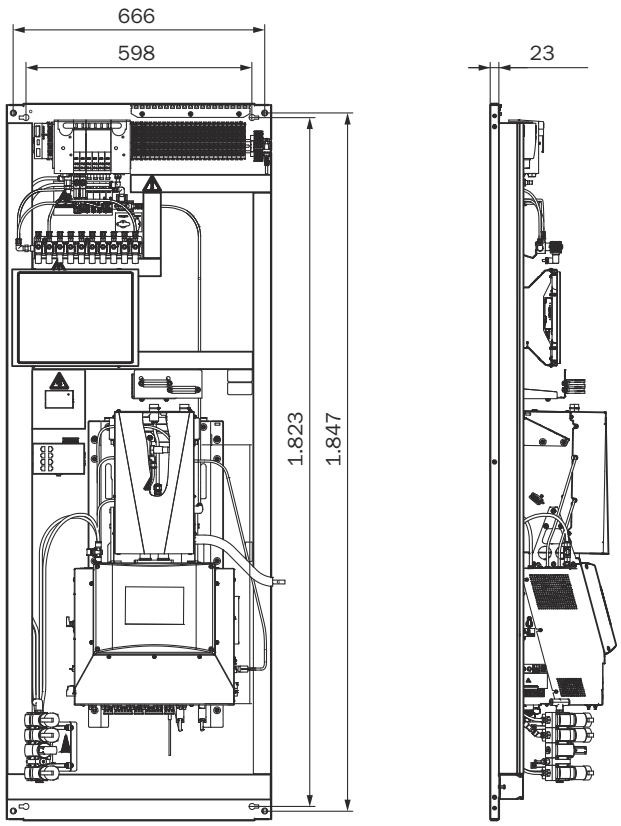
Installation sequence

- Fit the installation plate
- Electrical connections on analyzer
- Connect signal lines to analyzer
- Install SFU gas sampling system
- Connect heater hose
- Air and gas connections on analyzer
- Connect sample gas line to analyzer
- Sample gas outlet

5.4 Installation sequence

5.4.1 Wall mounting

Overview



Prerequisites

- Observe clearances for the heated sample gas line.
- Observe clearances for incoming and outgoing lines (approx. 20 cm clearance at the top, bottom, side of the measuring device).
- Observe clearances for maintenance work.
- Ensure the mounting location has sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- Observe relevant ambient conditions.

Procedure

1. Mount installation plate with 4 screws (optionally M8, M10 or M12 screws with strength 8.8 or higher) on the wall.
   Use at least 2 screws at the top and 2 screws at the bottom of the installation plate.

Related topics

- see "Ambient conditions", page 56
- see "Dimensional drawings", page 54

5.4.2 Installing the sample gas line

5.4.2.1 Laying the sample gas lines

Overview

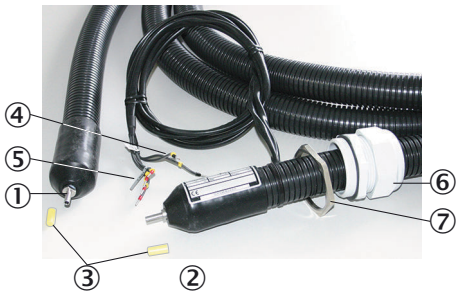


Figure 3: Heated sample gas line

① Connection to gas sampling unit (without electrical connections)
② Connection to measuring device (with electrical connections)
③ Protective cap
④ PT100 connections
⑤ Power supply
⑥ Cable gland
⑦ Locknut

Important information

NOTICE
Protect the line from damage (chafing through vibration, mechanical load).

NOTICE
The sample gas line must not be insulated at the position of the PT100 or led through a wall, as otherwise the sample gas line may be damaged.

Procedure

1. Lay the end **with** the electrical connection to the measuring device.
   NOTICE | The screw connection for the housing duct must be located at the same end as the electrical connection (measuring device side).
2. Lay the end **without** electrical connection to the gas sampling unit.
3. Observe a minimum bending radius of 300 mm.

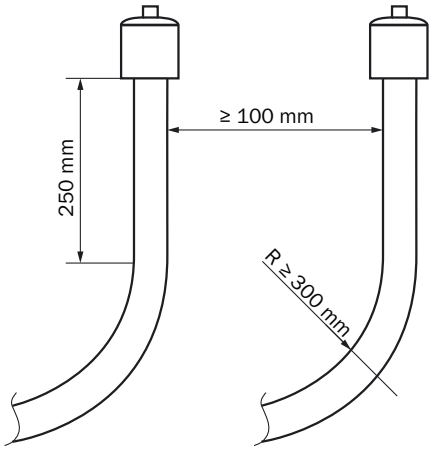


Figure 4: Lines – clearance and bending radius

4. Roll up excess length at the gas sampling unit. Leave enough length for pulling the gas sampling unit.
5. Fasten the sample gas line accordingly (e.g. on cable trays).

5.4.2.2 Connecting the heated sample gas line to the analyzer

Procedure

1. Unscrew cell cover and remove.
2. Remove protective cap from sample gas line and cell connection.
3. Insert sample gas line to stop in the clamping ring screw connection on the cell.
4. If necessary, provide an additional clamping ring screw connection at the installation site for sufficient strain relief.
5. Attach red foam insulation to the clamping ring screw connection. Bind together with a cable clip. No thermal bridges may remain.
6. Close cell again.
7. Screw cable gland tight.
8. Push electric lines downwards through the cable duct.
9. Connect power supply of the sample gas line.

5.4.3 Using a push-in fitting (pneumatic)

Overview

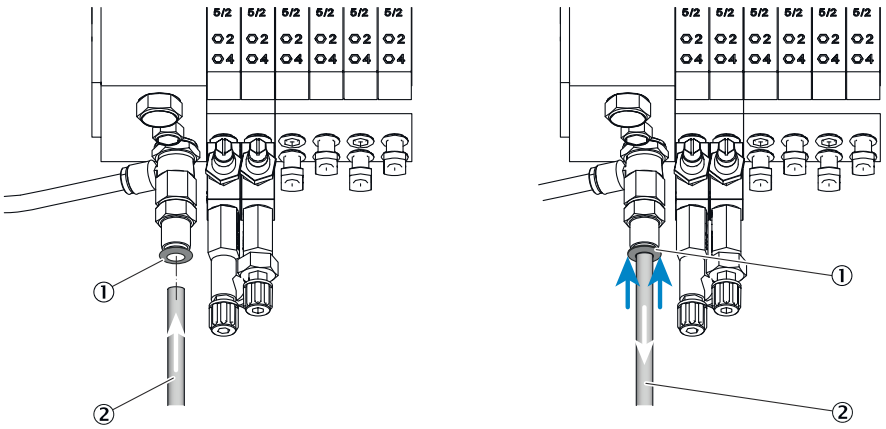


Figure 5: Push-in fitting with retaining ring (example shown)

① Retaining ring

② Tube

Procedure

Fitting the tube

1. Push the tube in.

Removing the tube

1. Press the retaining ring in.
2. Pull the tube out.

5.4.4 Laying the hose bundle line

Important information

NOTICE
Protect the line from damage (chafing through vibration, mechanical load).

Procedure

1. Lay the hose bundle line from the gas sampling unit to the measuring device.
   - An additional length of 0.5 m is required at the gas sampling unit for the internal lines.
   - An additional length of 3.5 m is required from the installation plate for the internal lines.
2. Observe a minimum bending radius of 300 mm.

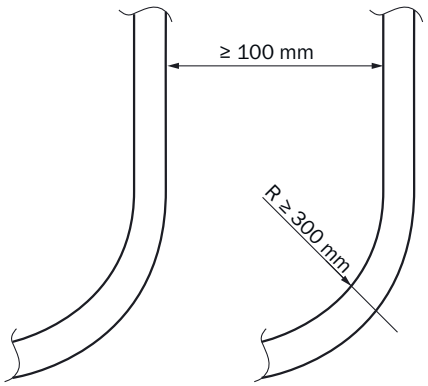


Figure 6: Lines – clearance and bending radius

3. Fasten the hose bundle line accordingly (e.g. on cable trays).

5.4.5 Connecting the signal lines on the analyzer

Connect the signal lines according to the wiring diagram.

5.4.6 Setting the pressure reducer module

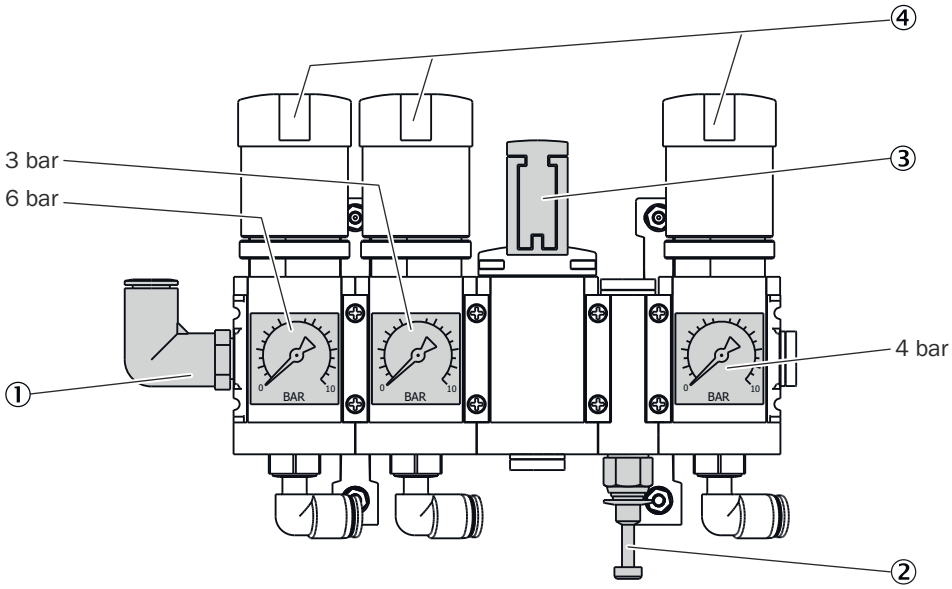
Overview

The external air supply is fitted on the pressure reducer module.

The instrument air is used as both induction air for the ejector (cell) and zero/control air.

There are two possibilities of connecting instrument air:

- One (1) shared instrument air supply for ejector air and zero/control air (inlet 1)
- Separate instrument air supply for:
  - Ejector air (inlet 2)
  - and zero/control air (inlet 1)



① Inlet of instrument air with zero gas quality
② Inlet of instrument air solely as induction air for ejector
③ Manual valve for instrument air selection (closed position)
④ Pressure reducer (adjustable)

Important information

NOTE INSTRUMENT AIR QUALITY
The quality requirement for instrument air used exclusively as ejector air is lower than for usage as zero/control air (zero gas quality).

Procedure

Connection of shared instrument air supply

1. Connect instrument air with zero gas quality on inlet 1.
2. Set manual valve to position “open”.

Connection of separate instrument air supply

1. Connect instrument air supply with zero gas quality on inlet 1.
2. Connect instrument air supply for ejector on inlet 2.
3. Set manual valve to position “closed”.

Related topics

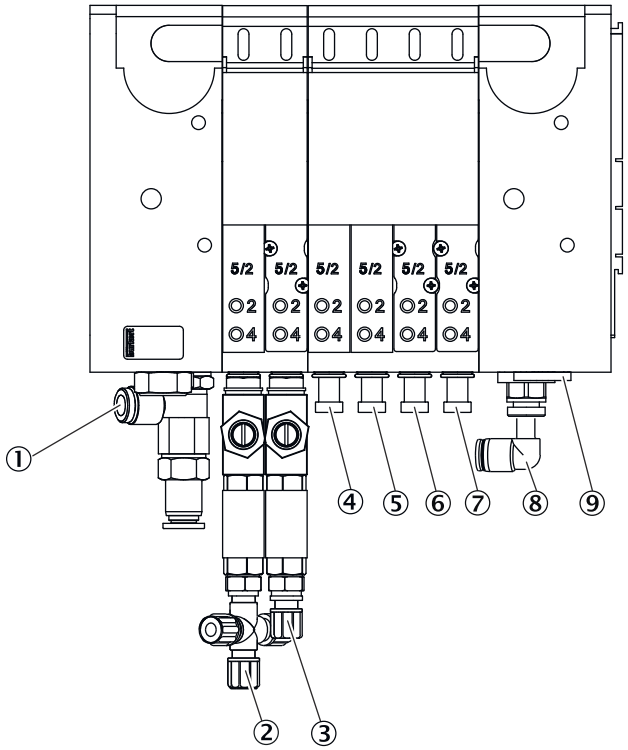
- Requirements for instrument air quality: see "Gas supply", page 57

5.4.7 Connecting the valve block

Overview

The following are located on the valve block

- Gas connections of the gas sampling unit hose bundle line



① Inlet: Zero gas
② Outlet: Zero gas measuring point 1
③ Outlet: Zero gas measuring point 2 (option)
④ Outlet: Control air measuring point 1
⑤ Outlet: Backflush air measuring point 1
⑥ Outlet: Control air measuring point 2 (option)
⑦ Outlet: Backflush air measuring point 2 (option)
⑧ Inlet: Control/backflush air
⑨ Inlet: Auxiliary control air

Important information

WARNING
Hazard when pressure is too high
Hoses can burst when the pressure is too high.

- The maximum permissible operating pressures must not be exceeded.

Related topics

- Specification of the pressures to be used: see "Gas supply", page 57

5.4.8 Connecting the span gases

Overview

The span gases are connected to the span gas unit.

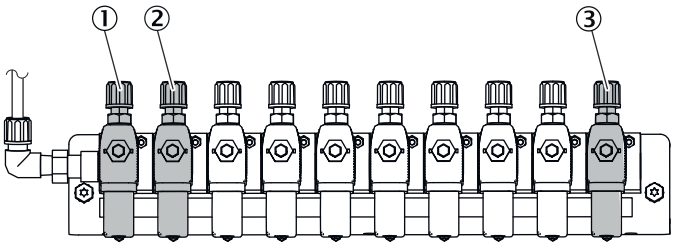


Figure 7: Span gas unit connections

① Span gas connection 1
② Span gas connection 2
③ Instrument air to purge the span gas valve

The Figure serves as example. It is also possible to connect more than two span gas valves.

Prerequisites

- The span gases are switched off.

Procedure

1. Connect the span gas lines to the span gas unit.
2. Turn the span gas to maximum pressure and set the pressure to approx. 3.5 bar.
3. Check the lines for leak tightness.

5.4.9 Connecting the exhaust gas outlet

Important information

WARNING
Noxious and aggressive exhaust gases
The exhaust gases may contain harmful or irritating components.

- ▶ Lead the measuring system gas outlets outdoors or into a suitable flue.
- ▶ Do not connect the exhaust gas line with the exhaust gas line of sensitive subassemblies. Aggressive gases could damage these subassemblies as a result of diffusions.

NOTICE
Condensate could accrue in the exhaust gas line.

- ▶ Use a suitable hose line to run the condensate outlet into an open condensate container or a waste disposal line.
- ▶ Lay the line so that it always runs downwards.
- ▶ Keep the line opening free from any blockages or liquids.
- ▶ Protect the line from frost.

Procedure

1. Connect the exhaust gas outlet at the intended place.
2. Lay the exhaust gas line in a suitable manner:
   - The gas outlet must be open to the ambient pressure; in waste disposal lines it can be laid with a light partial vacuum.
   - Do not bend or crimp exhaust gas lines.

6 Electrical installation

6.1 Safety

Qualification

The measuring device may only be installed by trained specialists.

6.2 Equipment protection

Short-circuit protection must be provided by the customer in accordance with the applicable standards by means of fuses or circuit breakers with short-circuit protection and overload protection.

6.3 Disconnecting device

Install a power isolating switch or circuit breaker according to the valid standard for disconnecting the voltage supply.

Install an additional disconnecting device if a UPS is used.

Make sure the power isolating switches are easily accessible.

6.4 Socket for Service work

It is recommended to install a socket in accordance with the applicable standards near the measuring device for service work.

6.5 Connecting the power supply

Overview

The power supply is located on the left on the analyzer.

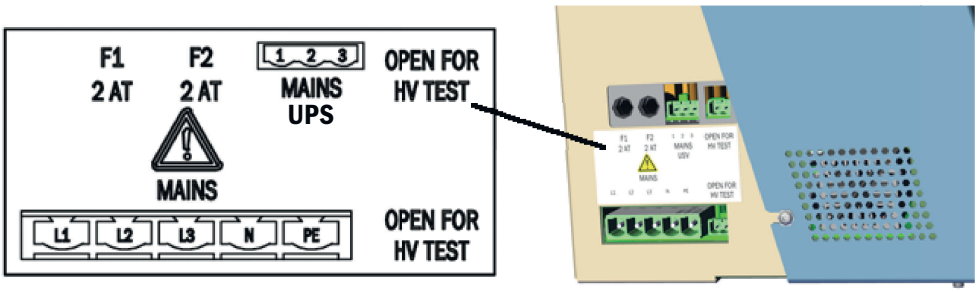


Figure 8: Power supply connection

As an option, the system can be supplied with power by a UPS. Refer to the delivered wiring diagram for information on how to install it. Install an additional disconnecting device if a UPS is used.

Important information

NOTICE

- Install an external power disconnection unit which disconnects all connectors and fuses near the analyzer.
- The power disconnection unit must be marked clearly and be easily accessible.
- The onsite wiring system to the power source of the system must be installed and fused according to the relevant regulations.
- Always connect a protective ground to PE.

Procedure

1. Connect the electric lines.

6.6 Performing a high voltage test

Overview

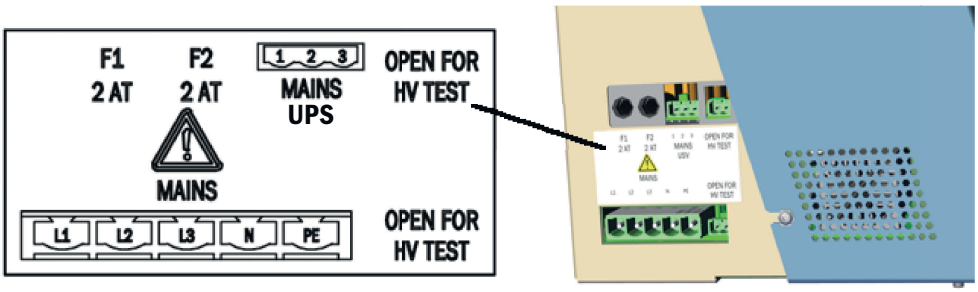


Figure 9: Power supply connections

Procedure

1. To avoid erroneous measurements during a high-voltage test, the bridges described in Figure see figure 9, page 29 must be removed.
2. Insert the bridges again after the high-voltage test.

7 Commissioning

7.1 Prerequisites for switching on

Procedure

1. Check the measuring device.
2. Instrument air must be connected and open.
3. If the instrument air has changed: Check the instrument air quality.
4. Check pressure settings on the pressure reducer unit.

Related topics

- Measuring device check: see "Checking the system", page 44
- Instrument air quality: see "Gas supply", page 57
- Pressure reducer unit setting: see "Setting the pressure reducer module", page 23

7.2 Switching on

Procedure

1. Switch on the external power disconnection unit.
✓ SOPASair loading screen is displayed.
✓ A countdown is shown on the display, counting down from 80.
✓ The start screen opens. Display: System initialization
✓ The measuring device heats up:Display: System heats.The status indicator is orange. Heating process can take up to 2 hours.
✓ Display: Premeasure. The status indicator is orange.
✓ The status indicator is green. Display: Measure.The measuring device is ready for operation.
2. When the yellow or red status indicator is on: Display logbook and clear error.
✓ The measuring device is in operation.

Related topics

- Error list: see "Error messages and possible causes", page 47

7.3 Recognizing the safe operating state

The system is in proper operation when:

- A system check has been carried out according to the Maintenance plan before commissioning and in running operation.
- Only the green status indicator is on and Measuring is shown in the status bar. When the yellow or red status indicator is on: Display logbook and clear error.

Related topics

- Checking the system: see "Checking the system", page 44
- Error list: see "Error messages and possible causes", page 47

7.4 Adjusting

7.4.1 Performing zero point adjustment

Overview

Menu: Tasks →Zero point adjustment

As standard, the zero point adjustment is used to adjust the zero points of the measured values while instrument air is fed.

Zero point adjustment runs cyclically (preset) but can also be started manually.

If the deviation is higher than a specified limit value, the system switches to classification “Maintenance request” and the zero point is however corrected.

Procedure

1. Click tile “Zero point adjustment”.
✓ The operating state switches to zero point adjustment.
✓ The respective active step is displayed.
✓ The time elapsed and the remaining time of the state and of the respective active step is displayed.
2. The system switches back to original state automatically when adjustment has been completed.

7.4.2 Performing reference point adjustment

7.4.2.1 Adjustment with internal adjustment filter

Overview

Menu: Tasks → Adjustment with internal adjustment filter

During adjustment, concentrations of measuring components are adjusted with an adjustment filter.

Procedure

1. Click tile “Adjustment with internal adjustment filter”.
✓ The operating state switches to adjustment with internal adjustment filter.
✓ The respective active step is displayed.
✓ The time elapsed and the remaining time of the state and of the respective active step is displayed.
2. The system switches back to original state automatically when adjustment has been completed.

7.4.2.2 Adjustment with span gas

Overview

Menu: Tasks → Reference point adjustment

During adjustment, the concentrations of the respective measuring component are adjusted using span gas.

Procedure

1. Compare the span gas concentration set with the certificate of the span gas cylinder and, when necessary, change it in the device: Tasks→ Reference point adjustment - Concentrations.
2. Perform manual update.
3. Use the arrow button to go to the next Figure.
4. Start adjustment with “Reference point adjustment”.
✓ The operating state switches to reference point adjustment.
✓ The time elapsed and the remaining time of the state and of the respective active step is displayed.
5. The system switches back to original state automatically when adjustment has been completed.

7.4.2.3 O_2 adjustment

Overview

Menu: 2 adjustment⟶ 1 adjustment → 02 adjustment

During adjustment, the concentrations of the respective measuring component are adjusted using instrument air as standard.

Procedure

1. Start adjustment with “02 adjustment”.
✓ The operating state switches to 02 adjustment.
✓ The time elapsed and the remaining time of the state and of the respective active step is displayed.
2. The system switches back to original state automatically when adjustment has been completed.

8 Operation

8.1 Operating concept

The analysis system is equipped with a display with touchscreen.

- All menus and functions are shown on the display.
- The menus and functions are called up using the tiles.
- The current operating state is displayed by the status indicator (Namur).

8.2 User groups

Depending on the user group, different menus are visible on the device.

User group	Task
Operator	System monitoring regarding measured values and status
Authorized client	Configuration, simple error clearance and maintenance

8.3 Display

Overview

① Quick access
② Search box
③ Editing and updating tools
④ Display and selection screen
⑤ Display of time and date
⑥ Status indicator (Namur)
⑦ Display of operating state
⑧ Display of user
⑨ Display of menu path

Significance of status indicator (Namur)

Color	Status signal	Significance
	Normal	Valid output signal

Color	Status signal	Significance
	Maintenance request	Maintenance necessary, valid output signal
	Outside specification	Signal outside specified range
	Function check	Sporadically no valid output signal
	Failure	No valid output signal

8.4 Tiles

Symbol	Name	Function
	Login symbol	Calls up the Login menu.
	Menu symbol	Calls up the menu.
	Home symbol	Goes back to start screen (measured value overview).
	Quick access to tasks	Calls up the task menu where the most important functions for the operator are contained.
	Quick access to logbook	Calls up the device logbook.
	Quick access to Measuring Screen	Selection of saved Measuring Screens using a drop-down menu.
	Search box	Enter a search term to call up the relevant display.
	History	Selection of the last six displayed pages using a drop-down menu.
	Refresh	Reloads the called up page.
	Edit	Activates editing on the input pages.

8.5 Measuring Screen

Overview

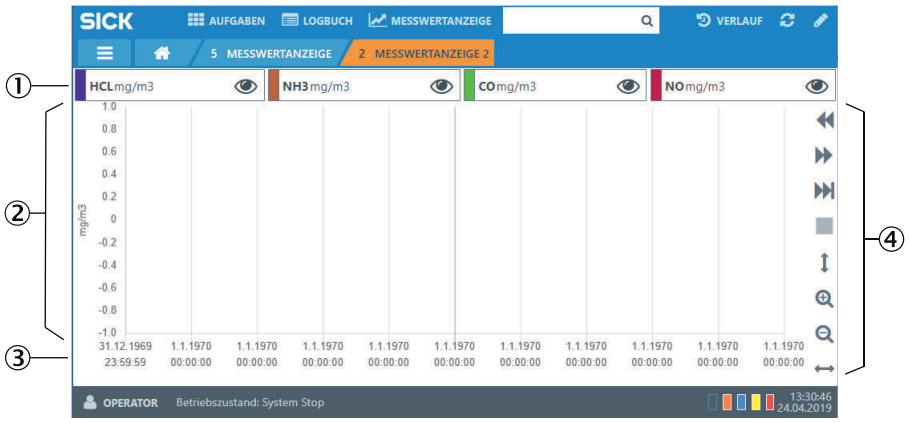


Figure 10: Measuring Screen

① Legend of displayed measured values
② Measured value concentration
③ Measuring time and date
④ Tiles

Measuring Screen tiles

Symbol	Name	Function
	Visibility	Switches the visibility of the measured value curve on and off.
	Move left	Shifts the time axis of the measured value curve.
	Move right	Shifts the time axis of the measured value curve.
	Current value	Jumps to the current measured value of the measured value curve on the time axis.
	Stop	Stops update of measured values.
	Adjust y-axis	Displays the largest preset range of component concentrations of visible components.
	Adjust x-axis	Displays preset range of time.

Symbol	Name	Function
	Increase	Increases display of time axis.
	Reduce	Reduces display of time axis.

9 Menus

9.1 Password

Configuration is only possible on level “Authorized Client”. Login is performed using tile “Login” and a password prompt.

Password for “Authorized Client”: HIDE (preset)

9.2 Menu tree

	Menu level	Explanation
1	**Tasks**	Quick access to the most important functions for the operator
2	**Adjustment**	
2.1	Adjustment	
2.1.1	Zero point adjustment	The measured value zero points are adjusted while instrument air is fed.
2.1.2	Adjustment with internal adjustment filter	The concentrations of measuring components are adjusted with an adjustment filter.
2.1.3	Reference point adjustment	The concentrations of measuring components are adjusted while span gas is fed.
2.1.4	O2 adjustment	The zero and reference point is adjusted while instrument air is fed.
2.1.5	Pressure adjustment	Adjustment of pressure sensors.
2.2	Validation	
2.2.1	Zero point validation	The measured value zero points are checked while instrument air is fed, but not adjusted.
2.2.2	Validation with internal adjustment filter	The concentrations of measuring components are adjusted with an adjustment filter, but not adjusted.
2.2.3	Reference point validation	The concentrations of measuring components are checked while span gas is fed, but not adjusted.
2.3	Span gas feed	Different reference materials can be controlled. No adjustment or validation is performed.
2.4	Results	
2.4.1	Adjustment factors	Displays the adjustment factors for span gas and adjustment with internal adjustment filter.
2.4.2	Zero point drift	Displays the determined percentage deviation after zero point validation.

2.4.3	Reference point drift (internal adjustment filter)	Displays the determined percentage deviation of measuring component concentration after validation with an adjustment filter.
2.4.4	Reference point drift (span gas)	Displays the determined percentage deviation of measuring component concentration after validation with span gas.
2.5	Settings	
2.5.1	Span gas concentrations	Entry fields for updating the span gas concentrations.
2.5.2	Component-specific parameters	Displays the parameters of the individual measuring components.
2.5.3	Parameters	Displays general parameters and parameters relevant for adjustment.
2.5.4	Cyclic triggers	Displays configured start times of sequences.
3	**Diagnosis**	
3.1	Status	Displays device information and the current status.
3.2	Logbooks	
3.2.1	Device logbook	Logbook of pending messages and status with start and end date.
3.2.2	Customer protocol	Tile “Edit” allows entries by operator and maintenance personnel.
3.3	Device state data	
3.3.1	Operating hours counter	Displays operating hours.
3.3.2	Temperatures	Displays temperatures and their status.
3.3.3	IR source	Displays IR source status.
3.3.4	Motors	Displays motor values.
3.3.5	Pressure	Displays current pressures.
3.3.6	Flow rate	Displays flow rates and their status.
3.3.7	Hardware monitoring	Displays values and hardware status.
3.3.8	O2 sensor	Displays values and O2 sensor status.
3.3.9	Reference energy	Displays reference energy of the individual measuring components.
3.3.10	Intensity	Displays intensities of measuring filters and reference filters.
3.4	Interfaces	
3.4.1	Analog outputs	Displays current mA of the individual analog outputs.

3.4.2	Analog inputs	Displays current mA of the individual analog inputs.
3.4.3	Digital outputs	Displays digital output status. Digital outputs switched off are marked with “.” , those switched on with “I”.
3.4.4	Digital inputs	Displays digital input status. Digital inputs switched off are marked with “.” , those switched on with “I”.
3.4.5	Modbus outputs	Displays values of the individual Modbus outputs.
3.4.6	Modbus inputs	Displays values of the individual Modbus inputs.
3.5	Signals	
3.5.1	Measuring signals	Displays measuring signals of the measuring components.
3.5.2	Boolean values	
3.5.3	Real values	
3.5.4	Filtered values	
3.5.5	Integer values	
3.5.6	Real constants	
3.6	Diagnosis files	
3.6.1	Export of measured value history	Option for exporting the Measuring Screen history.
4	**Parameters**	
4.1	Display settings	Tile “Edit” serves to adjust the Measuring Screen layout.
4.1.1	Measuring Screen 1	
4.1.2	Measuring Screen 2	
4.1.3	Measuring Screen 3	
4.1.4	Measuring Screen 4	
4.1.5	Measuring Screen 5	
4.1.6	Measuring Screen 6	
4.1.7	Measuring Screen 7	
4.1.8	Measuring Screen 8	
4.2	Measuring components	Displays definitions of measuring components and monitoring limits.
4.3	Interfaces	Displays information on the different interfaces.
4.3.1	Analog outputs	
4.3.2	Analog inputs	

4.3.3	Digital outputs	
4.3.4	Digital inputs	
4.3.5	Modbus outputs	
4.3.6	Modbus inputs	
4.3.7	Modbus	
4.3.8	OPC outputs	
4.3.9	LAN	
4.3.10	Hardware plan (CAN)	
4.4	Date and time	Set date and time.
4.5	Device information	Displays device information.
5	**Measuring Screen**	Displays individual preset Measuring Screens.
5.1	Measuring Screen 1	
5.2	Measuring Screen 2	
5.3	Measuring Screen 3	
5.4	Measuring Screen 4	
5.5	Measuring Screen 5	
5.6	Measuring Screen 6	
5.7	Measuring Screen 7	
5.8	Measuring Screen 8	
6	**Maintenance**	
6.1	Maintenance signal	Switch Maintenance signal on and off.
6.2	Restart	Restart the device.
6.3	Data backup	
6.3.1	Backup	
6.3.2	Restore	
6.4	Protocol	Tile “Edit” allows entries by operator and maintenance personnel.
6.5	Functions	Trigger sequences and states. • A sequence can be started from any state except standby. • States must be terminated or changed actively.
6.6	Reset	
6.6.1	Confirm active messages	
7	**Settings**	Tile “Edit” serves to make settings.

10 Maintenance

10.1 Safety

Requirements for the maintenance personnel

- Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electrical system or electrical subassemblies.
- The technician must be familiar with the exhaust gas technology of the operator's plant (hazard by overpressure and toxic and hot flue gases) and be able to avoid hazards when working on gas ducts.
- The technician must be familiar with handling compressed gas cylinders (test gases).
- The technician must be able to avoid hazards caused by noxious test gases.
- The technician must be familiar with gas lines and their screw fittings (be able to ensure gas-tight connections).

10.2 Important information

Electric voltage

DANGER
Danger to life through electric shock

There is a risk of electric shock when working on the device with the voltage supply switched on.

- ▶ Before starting work on the device, ensure the voltage supply can be switched off in accordance with the valid standard using a power isolating switch/circuit breaker.
- ▶ Switch off the voltage supply before starting any work on the device.
- ▶ After completion of the work or for test purposes or calibration, the power supply may only be activated again by authorized personnel complying with the safety regulations.

NOTICE
Risk of destruction of electronic components by electrostatic discharge (ESD)

When electronic assemblies are touched, there is a risk of the assembly being destroyed by electrical equipotential bonding.

- ▶ Make sure you have the same electric potential as the assembly (e.g. by grounding) before touching the assembly.

NOTICE
Observe voltage variant

Some spare parts are available in different voltage variants, 115 V or 230 V.

The power voltage of your system is shown on the type plate.

- ▶ Check spare parts for voltage dependency before fitting:

Sample gases and exhaust gases

CAUTION
Risk of chemical burns by acid gas

Acid condensate could escape when working on the sample gas lines and the associated assemblies.

- ▶ Take appropriate protective measures for work (e.g., by wearing a safety mask, protective gloves and acid resistant clothes)
- ▶ In case of contact with the eyes, rinse immediately with clear water and consult a doctor.

NOTICE
Risk of contamination of analyzer

The gas sampling unit and analyzer are flushed with instrument air when the system is not in measuring operation. When the instrument air is switched off, there is the risk of contamination of the analyzer.

- Pull the gas sampling unit out of the exhaust duct when instrument air is not available for a longer period of time.

Surfaces

CAUTION DANGER OF BURNS DUE TO HOT SURFACES
Surface can become hot through operation of the device.

- ▶ Wear suitable protective clothes, for example, heat-resistant gloves.
- ▶ Switch off the device and allow the components to cool down.

Span gases

CAUTION
Before working on span gas cylinders or span gas lines: Relieve the span gas pressure.

- ▶ Shut off the span gas cylinder.
- ▶ Open the span gas valve: Menu: 2 Adjustment → 3 Span gas feed.
- ▶ Wait for about 1 minute until the pressure in the lines has been relieved.
- ▶ Close the span gas valve: Menu: 2 Adjustment → 3 Span gas feed.

Please note:

- After working on the gas path: Perform a leak tightness check.
- After exchanging a span gas cylinder: Check the compliance with the span gas concentration set in the menu: 2 Adjustment → 5 Settings → 1 Concentrations

10.3 Maintenance plan

Overview

This Maintenance plan describes the maintenance work specified by the manufacturer.

Perform checks in accordance with the guidelines to be applied by the operator in accordance with the intervals described therein.

Maintenance intervals

Table 5: Maintenance intervals

Interval	Maintenance work	Remark
Quarterly	Gas sampling unit (option): • Check fine filter and seals. • Clean or renew if necessary.	See SFU Operating Instructions
	Instrument air (option): • Replace filter elements if required.	See Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions
	Note Depending on the system, it may be necessary to perform the following maintenance tasks more frequently:	
	Check the analysis system.	
	Instrument air (option): ▶ Check oil and water. ▶ Clean drains if required. ▶ Clean filter housing if required. ▶ Check pressure.	See Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions
Every 6 months	Gas sampling unit (option): • Replace the filter element and seals.	See SFU Operating Instructions

Related topics

- SFU Gas Sampling Unit Operating Instructions
- Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions

10.4 Cleaning

10.4.1 Clean surfaces and parts with media contact

Important information

NOTICE
Device damage through incorrect cleaning.

Incorrect cleaning can lead to device damage.

- Only use recommended cleaning agents.
- Do not use sharp objects for cleaning.

Procedure

1. Remove loose contamination with compressed air.
2. Remove adhering contamination with a mild soap solution and a soft cloth. Make sure electrical parts do not come into contact with liquids.

10.4.2 Cleaning the display

Overview

The display must be cleaned regularly from the outside to ensure heat dissipation and thus operation.

Important information

NOTICE
Device damage through incorrect cleaning.
Incorrect cleaning can lead to device damage.

- Only use recommended cleaning agents.
- Do not use sharp objects for cleaning.

Procedure

1. Wipe the surface with a damp soft cloth and wipe again with a dry soft cloth.
2. If the frames are heavily soiled, do not use acidic or abrasive cleaners, as these attack the surface structure. Use neutral soap sud or limescale remover specially suitable for the surface.
3. Use 2-propanol/isopropanol (isomeric alcohol) for disinfection.

10.5 Checking the system

10.5.1 Check assemblies

Procedure

1. Check complete measuring system (from sample gas sampling to exhaust gas) for outer damage.
2. Check sample gas outlet for continuity.
3. Check installation site for cleanness, dryness and freedom from corrosion.
4. Check grounding conductors are free from corrosion.
5. Check valve block and pressure reducer unit for leak tightness:
   - No permanent hissing noise should be noticeable.
   - Check no air is escaping from the connections, e.g., with leakage spray

10.5.2 Check external instrument air supply

Procedure

1. Check pressure, oil, particle and water content according to the specification.
2. If an external instrument air conditioning is provided:Check condition of filters.

Related topics

- Specification of utility gases: see "Gas supply", page 57
- Filter conditions: See Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions

10.5.3 Check span gases

Procedure

1. Check use-by date.
2. Check fill level.
3. Check cylinder pressure.
4. Check condition of cylinders.

10.5.4 Check environment

Procedure

1. Check room ventilation.
2. Check ambient conditions of analyzer and gas sampling unit: Temperature, humidity, vibrations

10.5.5 Check gas sampling unit

Procedure

1. Visually check state from the outside and clean as necessary.
2. Check sample gas line for outside damage.

10.5.6 Check measured values (when system in operation)

Procedure

1. Check display for pending error messages.
2. Check measured values for plausibility.
3. Check external instrument air conditioning (optional).

10.6 Maintaining the instrument air conditioning.

10.6.1 Maintaining the instrument air conditioning (option)

Prerequisites

- The quality requirements for instrument air are met.

Procedure

1. Switch on the analyzer maintenance signal: Tasks → Maintenance signal on/off
2. Flush system for 10 minutes in this state.
3. Close off operator's instrument air supply.

NOTICE
The probe tube is not purged when no instrument air is available.

▶ Only close off the instrument air supply for a short time (several minutes).

4. Perform maintenance on the instrument air conditioning according to the provided manufacturer's instructions.
5. Open instrument air supply again.
6. Switch the maintenance signal off again.

10.6.2 Maintaining the external instrument air conditioning (option)

Prerequisites

- The quality requirements for instrument air are met.

Procedure

1. Check the external instrument air conditioning for correct function.

10.7 Replacing the Electronics module filter pad

Overview

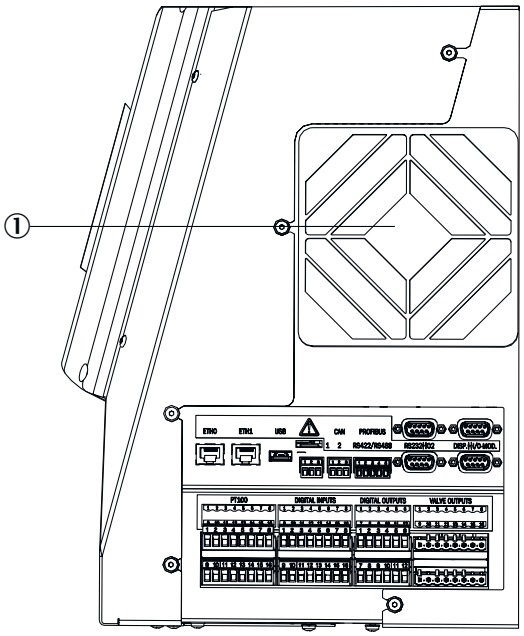


Figure 11: Electronic housing (right side)

Important information

NOTICE
Dirt can get into the device when replacing the filter pad.

▶ Only replace the filter pad when the device is switched off.

Prerequisites

- The device is switched off.

Procedure

1. Pull cover ① off.
2. Replace the filter pad inside.

11 Troubleshooting

11.1 Safety

Requirements for the maintenance personnel

- Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electrical system or electrical subassemblies.
- The technician must be familiar with the exhaust gas technology of the operator's plant (hazard by overpressure and toxic and hot flue gases) and be able to avoid hazards when working on gas ducts.
- The technician must be familiar with handling compressed gas cylinders (test gases).
- The technician must be able to avoid hazards caused by noxious test gases.
- The technician must be familiar with gas lines and their screw fittings (be able to ensure gas-tight connections).

11.2 Important information

Sample gases and exhaust gases

CAUTION
Risk of chemical burns by acid gas

Acid condensate could escape when working on the sample gas lines and the associated assemblies.

- ▶ Take appropriate protective measures for work (e.g., by wearing a safety mask, protective gloves and acid resistant clothes)
- ▶ In case of contact with the eyes, rinse immediately with clear water and consult a doctor.

Electric voltage

NOTICE
Observe voltage variant

Some spare parts are available in different voltage variants, 115 V or 230 V.

The power voltage of your system is shown on the type plate.

- ▶ Check spare parts for voltage dependency before fitting:

Please note:

- After working on the gas path: Perform a leak tightness check.
- Inlet "P" of valve KK10 in the sample conditioning unit must have a dummy plug. (The dummy plug is fitted as standard.)
- After exchanging assemblies: Put the system back into operation.
- After exchanging a span gas cylinder: Parameterize new span gas concentration.

11.3 Error messages and possible causes

Overview

Current pending messages are shown on the device display.

Display of current device state data: Logbook.

The following Table only includes those messages with classification "X" that are important for information.

Messages not included in the following Table have no further significance for operation.

Important information

Messages with status “F” must be cleared first.

Close the logbook and open it again to check whether the error is cleared.

Trigger: System

C = Classification

F = Failure

M = Maintenance request

Table 6: Error codes - System

Code	Error text	K	Description	Possible clearance
S001	Temperature too high	F	Measuring cell temperature too high	When T ≥ 360.7 °C: Check plug-in connectors. When ok: Call SICK Service.
				When T < 360.7 °C: Call SICK Service.
			Optic head temperature too high	When T ≥ 151.2 °C: Check plug-in connectors. When ok: Call SICK Service.
				When T < 151.2 °C: When temperature ≥ 55 °C: Replace filter pad. Otherwise, call SICK Service.
			Temperature of heating for an assembly too high	Check device documentation to clarify which assembly is affected.
				When T ≥ 360.7 °C: Check plug-in connectors. When ok: Call SICK Service.
				When T < 360.7 °C: Call SICK Service.
			LPMS01 (1/2 control) temperature too high	When temperature < 55 °C: Check fan of electronics unit / clean or replace filter pad. Otherwise, call SICK Service.
			LPMS02 (power electronics) temperature too high	When temperature <55 °C: Check fan of electronics unit / clean or replace filter pad. Otherwise, call SICK Service.
				When temperature < 55 °C: Call SICK Service.
			LPMS03 temperature too high	When no error message for optic head temperature: Call SICK Service. Otherwise, see optic head error clearance

Code	Error text	K	Description	Possible clearance
S002	Temperature too low	F		Check system documentation to clarify which assembly is affected (heating circuit 1 ..7). **Check circuit breaker** • Circuit breaker has triggered: Check all affected lines for damage. Check the plugs. When ok: Perform reset of circuit breaker. Check all plugs are plugged correctly. • Circuit breaker has not triggered: When heating hose affected: Connect new PT100. Otherwise, call SICK Service.
S004	Flow too low	F		When pressure error, clear it first. Sample gas flow too low and purge/zero gas flow ok: Check/replace sampling filter
				Sample gas flow and purge/zero gas flow too low: Call SICK Service.
				Purge/zero gas flow too low and sample gas flow ok: Check all hose connections. When ok: To be checked by SICK Service.
S005	Cell pressure too high	F		Only sample gas pressure too high: • Ensure sample gas pressure within device specification. • When not possible: Call SICK Service.
				Purge/zero gas and sample gas pressure too high: • Exhaust gas hose crimped/blocked? • Counter-pressure in exhaust duct too high? • Check all hose connections. When ok: Call SICK Service.
				Only purge/zero gas pressure too high: • Set correct pressure on pressure reducer unit. When ok: Call SICK Service.
S006	Cell pressure too low	F		Call SICK Service.
S008	Chopper	F	Chopper frequency not regulated.	Call SICK Service.
S009	Motor filterwheel 1	F	Filterwheel motor does not detect reference position.	Call SICK Service.
S010	Motor filterwheel 2			
S011	Motor filterwheel 3			
S012	IR source	F	Voltage or current outside tolerance	Call SICK Service.
S013	5 Volt power	F	Outside tolerance	Call SICK Service.
S014	24 Volt power	F	Outside tolerance	Call SICK Service.
S015	Detector signal	F		Call SICK Service.
S016	Ref.energy too low	F		Call SICK Service.

Code	Error text	K	Description	Possible clearance
S018	O_2 sensor failure	F		Check plug connection. When ok: Call SICK Service.
S019	O_2 adj. factor too high	F		Perform O_2 adjustment again. When message is still pending: Call SICK Service.
S024	No active component	F	When “active” checkmarks of all components are inactive	When current backup available: Load backup. Otherwise: Call SICK Service.
S025	Evaluation module failure	F	Evaluation module can not be started.	When current backup available: Load backup. Otherwise: Call SICK Service.
S026	Evaluation mod. file error	F	Files for evaluation module not created	When current backup available: Load backup. Otherwise: Call SICK Service.
S027	No result	F		When current backup available: Load backup. Otherwise: Call SICK Service.
Maintenance				
S033	Dev. zero point too high	M	Parameters set for measured component	Check zero gas for pressure and cleanness. Perform maintenance on compressed air conditioning unit. Perform manual zero point adjustment twice (menu: 2 Adjustment → 1 Adjustment → 1 Zero point adjustment). When message occurs again during next automatic zero point adjustment: Call SICK Service.
S034	Config. I/O mod.	M	Configuration error, found module does not correspond to that of the nominal configuration	Check IO modules, check plug connectors and voltage supply, load backup if necessary. Otherwise: Call SICK Service.
S035	Ref.energy too low	M		Call SICK Service.
S036	O_2 sensor failure	M		Call SICK Service.
S038	Current invalid	M	Analog output: Desired current not reached. Analog input: Current outside valid range.	Check connections on the Analog module.
S039	Current invalid	M		
S040	Flow too high	M		Call SICK Service.
S041	Flow too low	M		When pressure error, clear it first. Sample gas flow too low and purge/zero gas flow ok: Check/replace sampling filter
				Sample gas flow and purge/zero gas flow too low: Call SICK Service.
				Purge/zero gas flow too low and sample gas flow ok: Check all hose connections. Check zero gas needle valve setting. When ok: To be checked by SICK Service.
S043	IR source weak	M	Voltage or current outside tolerance	Call SICK Service.

Code	Error text	K	Description	Possible clearance
S045	Dev. span adjust too high	M	Gas adjustment not performed because it is outside the tolerable range; Parameters set for measured component	Check that correct span gas is connected, span gas concentration is entered correctly and the certificate is still valid. Perform new span gas adjustment, when message is still pending: Call SICK Service.
S046	Dev. int. adjust too high	M	Adjustment with internal adjustment filters not performed because it is outside the tolerable range; Parameters set for measured component	Check instrument air and zero gas quality. Perform adjustment again with internal adjustment filters. When message is still pending: Call SICK Service.
S047	Dev. O_2 adjust too high	M	O_2 adjustment not performed because it is outside the tolerable range; Parameters set for measured component	Perform O_2 adjustment again, when message is still pending: Call SICK Service.
S048	Alarm O_2 measured value	M	The current O_2 measured value is outside the alarm limits.	
S049	SD card not detected	M		Check the SD-card seat. When ok: Call SICK Service.
S050	Adjust factor is zero	M		Check entry of span gas concentration.
S055	O_2 adjust factor too high	M	O_2 adjustment factor is above warning limit.	Call SICK Service.
Error				
S113	Check sum error	F	Error in communication between CAN node and I/O module	Check I/O modules, cable damage.
S114	Communication error	F	Interruption in communication between CAN node and I/O module	
S116	Connection was interr.	F	Signals that the output was switched free from current because of the time-out.	Check I/O modules, cable damage.

12 Decommissioning

12.1 Switching off

12.1.1 Switching off

Important information

NOTICE
Risk of contamination of analyzer

The gas sampling unit and analyzer are flushed with instrument air when the system is not in measuring operation. When the instrument air is switched off, there is the risk of contamination of the analyzer.

- Pull the gas sampling unit out of the exhaust duct when instrument air is not available for a longer period of time.

Procedure

1. Switch system off at the external power disconnection unit.
2. Purge system with instrument air for a minimum of 10 minutes.
3. Switch the calibration gases off.
4. Ensure no sample gas reaches the analyzer.

12.1.2 Shutdown

Prerequisites

- System is switched off.

Procedure

1. Ensure the gas sampling unit can not be contaminated (e.g. by pulling the probe tube)
2. Switch external instrument air off.
3. Close off gas inlets and outlets gas-tight

Related topics

- Switch system off: see "Switching off", page 52

12.2 Return delivery

12.2.1 Shipping for repair

Overview

You can find all information on the repair flat rates, Repair Form (incl. Non-Risk Declaration and return information) at www.sick.com/Reparaturen.

Important information

NOTE
Without the Non-Risk Declaration, the device will either be cleaned by a third-party company at the customer's expense or the package will not be accepted.

Procedure

1. Contact your local SICK representative. Addresses: See last page of Operating Instructions.

2. Clean device.
3. Fill in the Repair Form including the Non-Risk Declaration and send it in advance to the SICK representative by e-mail.
4. Pack the unit carefully and shockproof in the original packaging for transport.
5. Enclose the Repair Form and attach it to the outside of the packaging.

12.2.2 Cleaning the device before returning

Important information

NOTICE
Device damage through incorrect cleaning.

- Close the housing before cleaning so that no fluid can penetrate.
- Do not use a high-pressure cleaner, aggressive mechanical or chemical cleaning agents.

Prerequisites

- Device is voltage-free.

Procedure

Clean surfaces and parts with media contact

1. Remove loose contamination with compressed air.
2. Remove adhering contamination with a mild soap solution and a soft cloth.
3. Do **not** clean optical surfaces.

12.3 Transport

Procedure

1. Protect the device before transport.
2. Use the original packaging for transport or alternatively a suitable padded stable packaging.
   A transport container with adequate stability can also be used.
3. Protect the device with padding from shocks and vibrations.
4. Thoroughly secure the device in place inside the transport container. Make sure there is sufficient space between the analyzer and the walls of the transport container.

12.4 Disposal

Important information

NOTE
The following subassemblies contain substances that may have to be disposed of separately:

- Electronics: Capacitors, rechargeable batteries, batteries.
- Display: Liquid of LC display.
- Sample gas filter: Could be be contaminated with pollutants.
- All lines with sample gas contact could be contaminated with pollutants.

Disposal of the device

The device can easily be disassembled into its components which can then be sent to the respective raw material recycling facilities.

13 Technical data

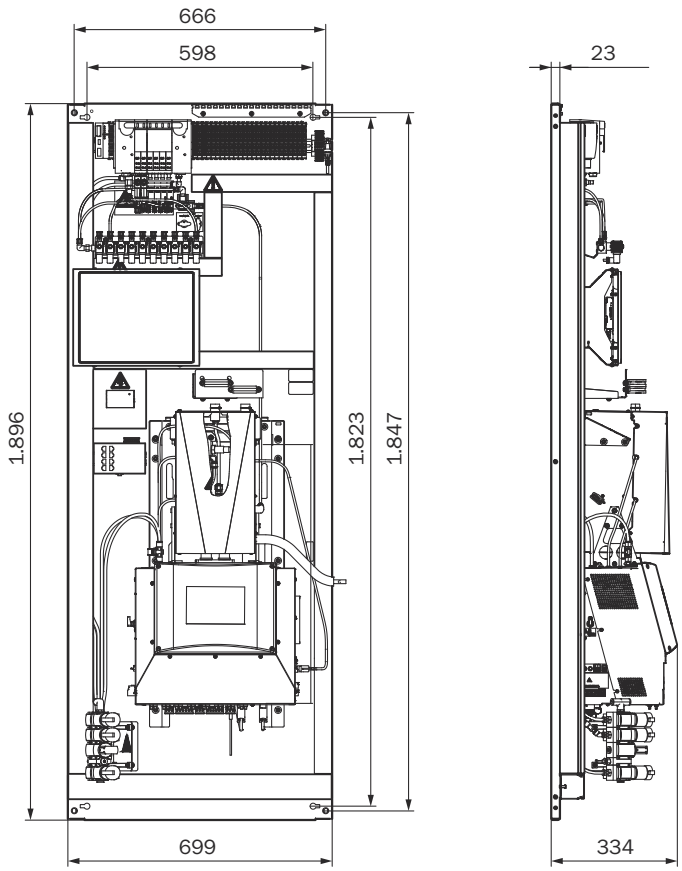
13.1 Dimensional drawings

Important information

NOTICE
Observe clearances at the installation site:

- Top: 30 cm
- Side 20 cm

Dimension drawing



All dimensions in the dimension drawing are in mm.

13.2 Technical data

NOTE
The technical data depend to some extent on the individual equipment of your device.

▶ See the enclosed System Description for the configuration of your device.

13.2.1 Measured values

Table 7: Measured variables

Number of measured variables	
Number of measured variables	10 IR components + O_2 + TOC (optional)

Table 8: Measuring method

Measuring method	
Measuring method	Hot extractive

Table 9: Sample volume

Sample volume	
Sample volume	200 ... 400 l/h

Table 10: Measuring ranges

Component	Measuring range
HCl	0 ... 9 ppm; 0 ... 1840 ppm
NH_3	0 ... 15 ppm; 0 ... 650 ppm
CO	0 ... 60 ppm; 0 ... 8.000 ppm
NO	0 ... 110 ppm; 0 ... 1.865 ppm
CH_4	0 ... 70 ppm; 0 ... 700 ppm
NO_2	0 ... 25 ppm; 0 ... 240 ppm
CO_2	0 ... 25% by volume; 0 ... 50% by volume
SO_2	0 ... 26 ppm; 0 ... 875 ppm
H_2O	0 ... 40% by volume
O_2	0 ... 25% by volume
N_2O	0 ... 50 ppm; 0 ... 1.015 ppm
TOC	0 ... 15 mg/m³; 0 ... 10,000 mg/m³

Table 11: Certified measuring ranges in accordance with EN15267-3

Component	Certified measuring ranges	Additional measuring ranges
HCl	0 ... 15 mg/m³	0 ... 3,000 mg/m³
NH_3	0 ... 10 mg/m³	0 ... 500 mg/m³
CO	0 ... 75 mg/m³	0 ... 10,000 mg/m³
NO	0 ... 150 mg/m³	0 ... 2,500 mg/m³
CH_4	0 ... 50 mg/m³	0 ... 500 mg/m³
NO_2	0 ... 50 mg/m³	0 ... 500 mg/m³
SO_2	0 ... 75 mg/m³	0 ... 2,500 mg/m³
N_2O	0 ... 100 mg/m³	0 ... 2,000 mg/m³
CO_2	0 ... 25% by volume	–
H_2O	0 ... 40% by volume	–
O_2	0 ... 25% by volume	–
TOC	0 ... 15 mg/m³	0 ... 50/150/500 mg/m³

Table 12: Measured value characteristics

Measured value characteristics	
Measuring principle	Photometric
Measuring precision	< 2% of the respective full scale value
Detection limit	< 2% of the respective full scale value

Measured value characteristics	
Sensitivity drift	< 2% of the respective full scale value per week
Zero point drift	< 2% of the respective full scale value per week
Span drift	< 2% of the respective full scale value per week
Setting time t_{90}	< 200 s, total measuring path as from probe extraction

13.2.2 Ambient conditions

Table 13: Operation

Ambient conditions in operation	
Installation location	Indoor installation
Ambient temperature	+10 ... +40 °C
Relative humidity	< 90% (without condensate)
Air pressure	850 ... 1100 hPa

Table 14: Storage

Ambient conditions in storage	
Ambient temperature	-20 ... +70 °C
Relative humidity	< 90% (without condensate)

13.2.3 Housing

Table 15: Design

Design	
Design	Installation plate
Material, general	Steel plate, aluminium cast
Dimensions	see "", page 54
Installation	Installation in analyzer enclosure or system container
Weight	Approx. 200 kg
Materials with media contact	• Nickel-plated aluminium • PTFE • Stainless steel 1.4401
Degree of protection	Depending on analyzer enclosure / system container used

13.2.4 Interfaces and protocols

Table 16: Interfaces and protocols

Operation and interfaces	
Operation	Via display or Google Chrome browser with SOPASair software, several operating levels, password-protected
Display and input	Foiled color display with touchscreen
Analog inputs/outputs	Optional
Digital inputs/outputs	Optional
Data interface	1 x Modbus TCP/IP
Profibus	Configurable
Profinet	Configurable
Remote support	SICK MPR (optional)
PC operation	Browser Google Chrome with SOPASair via Ethernet

13.2.5 Power supply

Table 17: Voltage supply

Voltage supply	
Power input • Analyzer • Heated sample gas line • Gas sampling unit • Heated probe tube	Power input • Approx. 1000 VA • Approx. 95 VA/m • Approx. 450 VA • Approx. 450 VA

Table 18: Optional interfaces

Interfaces (optional)	
Digital outputs	4 outputs, 24 V, 0.5 A
Digital inputs	Electrically isolated, 24 V, 0.3 A

13.2.6 Gas supply

Important information

NOTICE

Malfunction of the measuring device due to unsuitable instrument air

Operation with air not satisfying the specifications voids the warranty and does not ensure proper functioning of the measuring device.

- ▶ Only feed conditioned instrument air to the measuring device.
- ▶ The instrument air quality must meet the specification.

Supply gases

Table 19: Supply gases

Gas	Quality	Inlet pressure	Flow rate
Instrument air (zero gas quality)	Particle size max. 5 µm Pressure dew point max. –40 °C Oil content max. 0.01 mg/m³ ISO 8573-1:2010 [1:4:2]	600 ... 700 kPa (6.0 ... 7.0 bar)	Approx. 350 l/h Approx.. 1300 l/h (with backflush)
Inlet of instrument air solely as induction air for ejector	Particle size max. 5 µm Pressure dew point max. +3 °C Oil content max. 0.1 mg/m³ ISO 8573-1:2010 [1:4:2]	500 ... 700 kPa (5.0 ... 7.0 bar)	Approx. 1300 l/h
Air dryer FRL-00025 (option)	With the air dryer option, approx. 3,000 l/h additional instrument air are required		
External span gas	Span gas must comply with the specifications of the standards to be applied	Max. 400 kPa (3.5 bar)	Approx. 350 l/h

13.2.7 Tube connections

Table 20: Tube connections

Connection	Dimension
Sample gas inlet	Clamping ring screw connection (hose fitting) 4 mm inner diameter 6 mm outer diameter

Connection	Dimension
Induction air ejector	DN 6/8
Span gas inlet	Clamping ring screw connection (hose fitting) 4 mm inner diameter 6 mm outer diameter
Gas outlet	DN 8/10

13.2.8 Sample gas conditions

Table 21: Sample gas characteristics

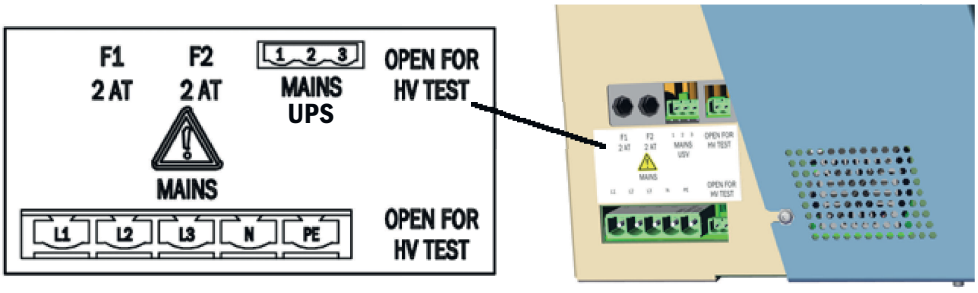
Sample gas at sampling point	Characteristic
Process temperature	10 ... 550 °C
Sample gas temperature assembly: • Sample gas probe • Sample gas line • Cell	Temperature: • Approx. 200 °C • Approx. 200 °C • Approx. 200 °C
Process pressure	–200 ... +200 hPa relative
Dust load	< 200 mg/m³

13.2.9 Connections in analyzer

13.2.9.1 Power supply - connection / fuses

Overview

The power supply is located on the left on the analyzer.



Power supply - connections

Table 22: Power supply - connections

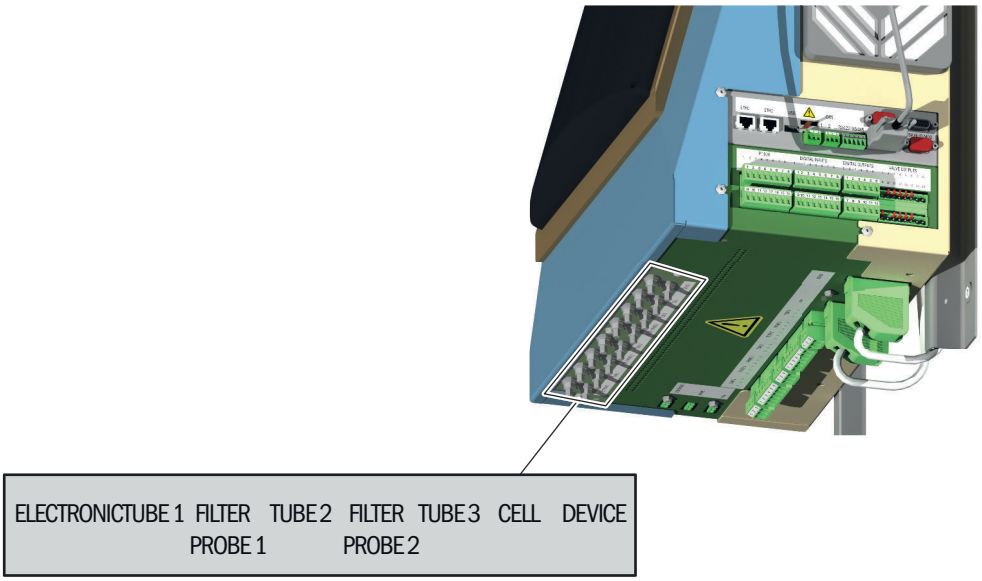
Name	Supply
MAINS UPS (3-pole)	Power supply for electronics unit (internal)
MAINS (5-pole)	External power supply
F1	Internal
F2	Internal

Table 23: Connection terminal - power voltage connection on the analyzer

Wire	Cross-section in mm²	Cross-section in AWG	Tightening torque Nm
rigid	0.75 ... 10.0	18 ... 8	1.2 ... 1.5
flexible with ferrules	0.5 ... 6.0	18 ... 8	
flexible with ferrules with insulating collar	0.5 ... 6.0	18 ... 8	

13.2.9.2 Electronics fuses

Overview

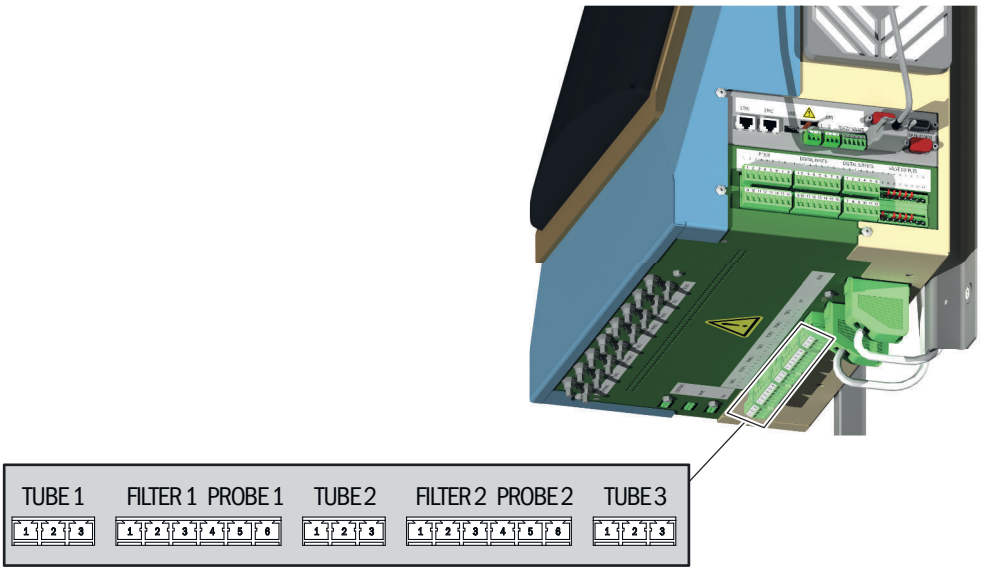


Fuse connections

Name	Fuse for
ELECTRONIC	Electronics
TUBE 1	Sample gas line 1
FILTER/PROBE 1	Filter heater / measuring probe 1
TUBE 2	Sample gas line 2
FILTER/PROBE 2	Filter heater / measuring probe 2
TUBE 3	Sample gas line 3
CELL	Sample gas cell
DEVICE	Device

13.2.9.3 Connections for heated components

Overview



Connections - pin assignment

Table 24: Connections - pin assignment

Plug	Assembly	Pin	Assignment
TUBE 1	Sample gas line 1	1	L (L)
		2	N (L)
		3	PE
FILTER1	Gas sampling unit filter 1 (Lines from hose bundle line)	1	L (L)
		2	N (L)
		3	PE
PROBE1	Gas sampling unit probe tube 1 (Lines from hose bundle line)	4	L (L)
		5	N (L)
		6	PE (not connected)
TUBE2	Sample gas line 2	1 ... 3	As for TUBE1
FILTER2	Gas sampling unit filter 2	1 ... 3	As for FILTER1
PROBE2	Gas sampling unit gas sampling probe 2	4 ... 6	As for PROBE1
TUBE3	Sample gas line 3	1 ... 3	As for TUBE1

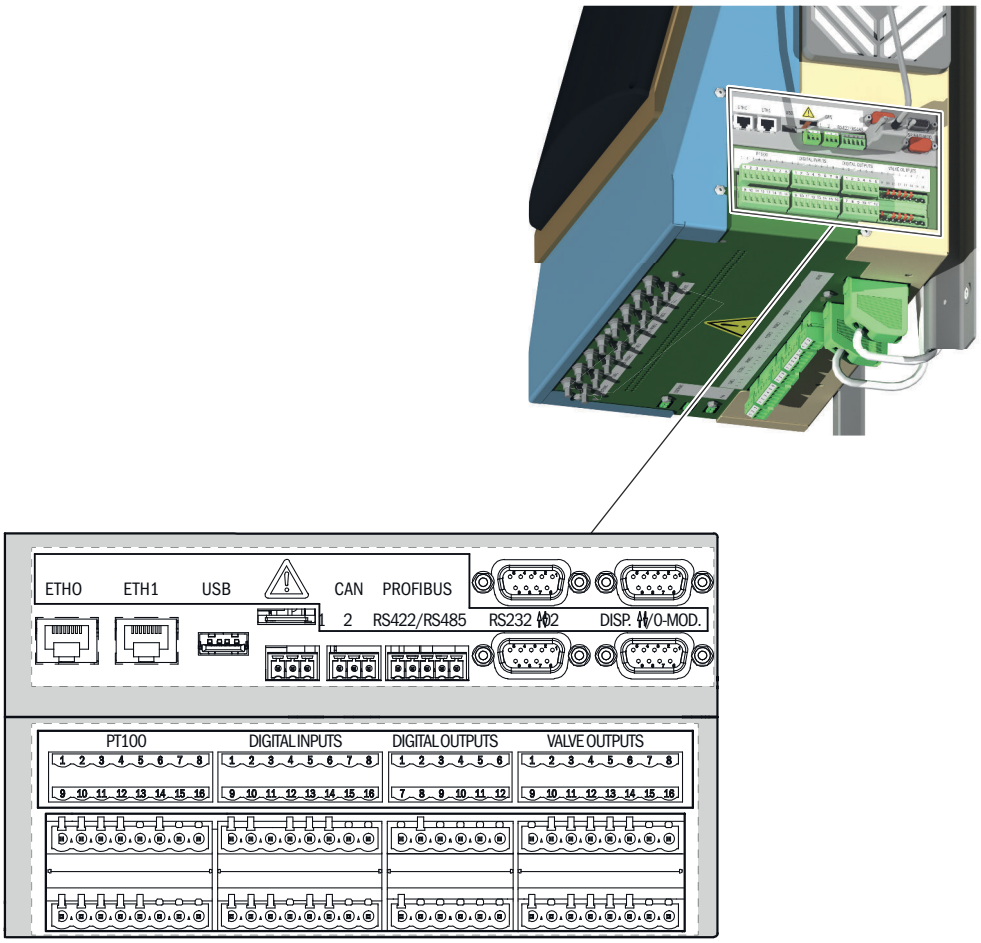
1 The connections must match the connections on the gas sampling unit.

Table 25: Connection terminal - external heater outputs on the analyzer

Wire	Cross-section in mm²	Cross-section in AWG	Tightening torque Nm
rigid	0.2 ... 4.0	24 ... 10	0.5 ... 0.6
flexible with ferrules	0.25 ... 4.0	24 ... 10	
flexible with ferrules with insulating collar	0.25 ... 4.0	24 ... 10	

13.2.9.4 Connections for interfaces and SD card

Overview



Data interfaces - overview

Table 26: Data interfaces - overview

Plug	Connection for
ETH0	Ethernet (e.g. SOPAS ET), MPR (remote maintenance), communication via Modbus TCP - line is led upwards
ETH1	Internal
USB	Internal
SD card	SD card (on the right, next to USB)
CAN1	Internal
CAN2	Internal
RS422, RS485	Internal
RS232 (top plug)	Internal
O2 (bottom plug)	O2 sensor
DISP (top plug)	Display
I/O-MOD (bottom plug)	Internal

Table 27: Connection terminal - CAN interface, RS485 interface

Wire	Cross-section in mm²	Cross-section in AWG	Tightening torque Nm
rigid	0.14 ... 1.5	28 ... 16	0.22 ... 0.25
flexible with ferrules	0.25 ... 1.5	26 ... 16	
flexible with ferrules with insulating collar	0.25 ... 0.75	26 ... 19	

Table 28: Overview - pin assignment and signals

Plug	Assembly	Pin	Assignment
Pt100	Sample gas line 1	1	Pt100 +
		2	Pt100 –
	Gas sampling unit filter 1	3	Pt100 +
		4	Pt100 –
	Gas sampling unit probe tube 1	5	Pt100 +
		6	Pt100 –
	Not connected	7	
		8	
	Sample gas line 2	9, 10	As above
	Gas sampling unit filter 2	11, 12	As above
	Gas sampling unit probe tube 2	13, 14	As above
	Sample gas line 3	15	Pt100 +
		16	Pt100 –
DIGITAL INPUTS	Digital input 1	1	+ 24 V
		2	+ Signal
		3	- Signal
		4	GND
	Digital input 2	5 ... 8	As above
	Digital input 3	9 ... 12	As above
	Digital input 4	13 ... 16	As above
DIGITAL OUTPUTS	Digital output 1	1	NC
		2	COM
		3	NO
	Digital output 2	4 ... 6	As above
	Digital output 3	7 ... 9	As above
	Digital output 4	10 ... 12	As above
VALVE OUTPUTS	Valves		Internal

1 The connections must match the connections on the gas sampling unit.

Table 29: Connection terminal - PT100 signal inputs, DI, DO on analyzer

Wire	Cross-section in mm²	Cross-section in AWG	Tightening torque Nm
rigid	0.2 ... 2.5	24 ... 12	0.5 ... 0.6
flexible with ferrules	0.25 ... 2.5	26 ... 12	
flexible with ferrules with insulating collar	0.25 ... 2.5	26 ... 12	

Table 30: Series terminals - UPS connection terminals on installation plate

Wire	Cross section in mm²	Cross section in AWG	Tightening torque Nm
Rigid	0.14 ... 4.0	26 ... 12	-
Flexible with ferrules	0.14 ... 2.5	26 ... 14	
Flexible with ferrules with insulating collar	0.14 ... 2.5	26 ... 14	

13.2.10 Heated sample gas line (option)

Table 31: Sample gas line - characteristics

Sample gas line	
Length	Max. 50 m certified, longer sample gas lines on request
Ambient temperature	–20 ... 80 °C
Working temperature	Max. 200 °C
Temperature control	1 x Pt100[1]
Voltage supply	115 V or 230 V
Power input	90 VA/m
Degree of protection	IP 43

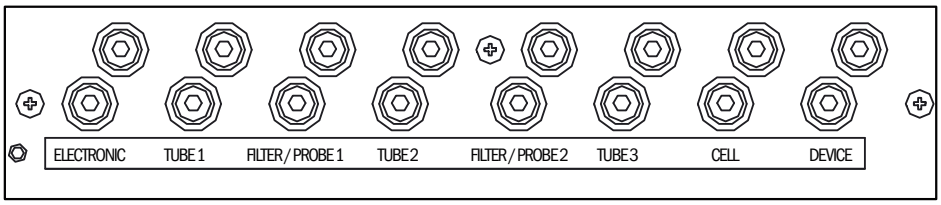
1 With heating length >35 m, the sample gas line has two independent heating circuits. The second heating circuit can be connected to this optional temperature control circuit.

13.2.11 Switching on the circuit breakers again

Overview

The circuit breakers are located at the bottom of the electronics unit.

The circuit breakers are labeled.



Procedure

When a circuit breaker has triggered

1. Press the circuit breaker pin back in again.
2. If this does not switch the circuit breaker on again, wait a few minutes (cooling down phase) and press the pin back in again.
3. If this does not switch the circuit breaker on again, check the assembly and replace when necessary.

13.2.12 Torques for screw fittings

Overview

Tighten all screw connections, for which no tightening torque or no pretension force is specified in drawings or Assembly Instructions, according to VDI 2230.

Exceptions to this rule are all connections with screws that are not screw connections in the real sense. This includes hose clips, cable glands, screw fittings, gas connections, screws for circuit boards etc. Tighten these screw fittings as evenly as possible with a much lower torque (hose clips 1 Nm, other screw fittings according to manufacturer specifications).

Select the next lowest torque valid for the screw for mixed materials and special screws such as relieved screws.

The basic friction coefficient is (screw fittings without lubrication) μk=μG=0.14. The calculated values are valid for room temperature (T=20 °C).

Torques

Table 32: Torques

Dimension	Slope P	Tightening torque M_A (Nm) according to strength class (see screw head)							
		3.6	4.6 A2-50 A4-50	5.6 Alu	A2-70 A4-70	A2-80 A4-80	8.8 Titan	10.9	12.9
M 1.6	0.4	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.16	0.19	0.26	0.31
M 2	0.45	0.1	0.1	0.11	0.22	0.32	0.39	0.55	0.66
M 2.5	0.45	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.46	0.67	0.81	1.13	1.36
M 3	0.5		0.54	1	1.2	1.39	1.51	1.98	2.37
M 3.5	0.6		0.85	1.3	1.54	1.75	1.9	2.6	3.2
M 4	0.7		1.02	2	2.5	3	3.3	4.8	5.6
M 5	0.8		2	2.7	4.2	5.6	6.5	9.5	11.2
M 6	1		3.5	4.6	7.3	9.7	11.3	16.5	19.3
M 8	1.25		8.4	11	17,5	23.3	27.3	40.1	46.9
M 10	1.5		17	22	35	47	54	79	93
M 12	1.75		29	39	60	79	93	137	160
M 14	2		46	62	94	126	148	218	255
M 16	2		71	95	144	192	230	338	395
M 18	2.5		97	130	199	266	329	469	549
M 20	2.5		138	184	281	374	464	661	773
M 22	2.5		186	250	376	508	634	904	1057
M 24	3		235	315	485	645	798	1136	1329
M 27	3		350	470	708	947	1176	1674	1959
M 30	3.5		475	635	969	1289	1597	2274	2662
M 33	3.5		645	865	1319	1746	2161	3078	3601
M 36	4		1080	1440	1908	2350	2778	3957	4631
M 39	4		1330	1780	2416	3016	3597	5123	5994

14 Annex

14.1 Conformities

Conformities

- EC Directive: LVD (Low Voltage Directive)
  EN 61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
- EC Directive: EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility)
  EN 61326: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use, EMC requirements

Further standards and directives: See Declaration of Conformity provided with the device.

14.2 Licenses

14.2.1 Liability disclaimer

The firmware for this device has been developed using Open Source Software. Any changes to the Open-Source components are in the general responsibility of the user. All warranty claims are excluded in this case.

The following exclusion of liability applies to the GPL components in relation to the rights holders: This program is distributed in the hope that it will be of use, but with no guarantee of this; neither is there any implied guarantee of marketability or suitability for a particular purpose. Refer to the GNU General Public License for details.

With regard to the other Open-Source components, we refer to the liability disclaimers of the copyright holders in the licence texts on the CD delivered.

14.2.2 Software licences

In this product, SICK uses unchanged and, as far is necessary and in compliance with relevant licence conditions, changed Open Source Software.

The firmware of this device is therefore subject to the copyrights listed on the CD delivered. Please refer to the storage medium delivered for a complete list of the Open Source programs used as well as the relevant licence conditions.

14.2.3 Source codes

The source codes for the Open Source programs used in this device can be requested using the following email address: Please enter “Open Source Software” as subject.

8026608/AE00/V1-0/2021-10/en

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